

WHOLE NUMBER 583

Atlas, Table and Flour Bin Tickets will be discontinued May 1, 1900.

Shop over Adams Faist's Carriage Factory.

Subscribe for The Standard.

I WOULDN'T CARE IF HE DID STING ME.



Mr. Downer was born in Manchester, Ontario county, N. Y., March 28, 1812. In 1833 he came to Michigan, where his father took up a large tract of land. He has often told us of the hardships of pioneer life, and how it took him three

HIGH SCHOOL	
Rosa Zilke	Inez Marshall
Eva Luick	Cora Nickerson
Linna Runciman	Barbara Schwikerath
Emily Steinbach	Katie Collins

LOUELLA TOWNSEND, Teacher.

Five teachers from New York public schools will be invited to act as a committee to determine the final award. Write your list of words with name and address plainly, and forward promptly. Address The Illustrated American, Department "C," American Tract Society Building, New York.

Wanted at Once—A girl for general housework. Wages from \$2.00 to \$2.50 a week. Apply at Nathan Pierce's.

Yours for Quality and Bargains.

F. B SCHUSSLER, Chelsea.

Do not forget to call at the

when in need of first-class Steel Skein Wagon or Buggy for I have them in stock all the time.

for the next 10 days at cost.

A. G. FAIST, Manager.

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charge for Auction Bills. . .
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PRINTING



CHAPTER XIII.

Still another expedition was destined to start for Manila, and keen was the rivalry among the regiments held to daily drill at San Francisco. The rumor was current in the camps that the next review was to decide the matter, and that the commands pronounced to be foremost in discipline and efficiency would be designated to embark. The transports that had conveyed the earlier expeditions to the Philippines began to reappear in the bay, and coaling and refitting were hurried to the utmost. The man most eager to get away was Stanley Armstrong; and if merit were to decide the matter it was conceded among the volunteers that in point of style and equipment the "Primeval Dudes" "held over" all competitors, even though every competitor believed itself more than a match for the Dudes if actual campaigning and fighting were in contemplation. Senators and members from the states represented by the volunteers at San Francisco led burdensome lives, for officers and men were pulling every wire to secure the longed-for orders for an immediate voyage to Manila, when, all on a sudden, the hopes of all were crushed. Spain had begged for peace. "No more men can be sent to Manila," said the officials consulted, and Camp Merritt put on mourning forthwith.

But Armstrong had been studying the situation and was not easily daunted. He was a man whose opinion carried weight, and from the very first he had maintained that while 15,000 or 20,000 might be men enough to hold Manila, 50,000 might not be enough to subdue at once the forces of Aguinaldo in case they should turn upon the Americans, which, said he, placidly, they will most certainly do before we are a year older.

The Dudes, therefore, much to their disgust, were kept steadily at work. Other regiments, profiting by example followed suit; but in others still, a small proportion of their membership believing, as they said, that the "jig was up," took to lawless and unhalloved expression of their disgust and became thereby a nuisance to the neighborhood. San Franciscans, who had wept copiously when others sailed away, would have seen these patriots sent into exile without shedding a tear.

"Every man of this command" will yet be needed and yet be sent," said Armstrong. So, too, did the veteran division commander, and the brigade took heart accordingly. The last of the regulars, with the recruit detachments for regiments already in the Philippines, had been shipped to Honolulu, there to await orders, and September seemed destined to go by without a change for the better in the prospects of the men still left in camp about the reservation. The Primes, convinced at last that the boy they sought was not to be found in California, had gone to Santa Anita visiting their kindred, the Lawrences; and Armstrong, buckling down to hard and constant work, was striving to persuade himself that he did not care that the mornings no longer brought with them the carriage and the fair face of that gentle girl; the department commander himself had gone to take a look at his new responsibilities in Hawaii; little Mrs. Garrison still held court, though with diminished retinue, at the Presidio, when one day, just as October was ushered in, there came a message from the adjutant general in town. Would Armstrong drop in at the office at the first opportunity? A matter of some importance had come up in the general's first letter from Honolulu, one on which Armstrong's opinion was desired; and the colonel, hoping for tidings of a chance to move even that far to the front, made immediate opportunity and took the first car for the "Phelan building. The adjutant general looked up from a littered desk as Armstrong entered.

"It is good of you to come so promptly," said he. "I'm in a stew, to tell the truth, and I want your advice." Then he tapped his bell. "Excuse me to any one who comes for the next ten minutes," said he to the attendant who entered. "I have business with Col. Armstrong."

No sooner did the orderly vanish than the man of the desk whirled full speed to the man of the saddle. "Armstrong," said he, "you defended Gray and proved him innocent. What else has Canker against him?"

"Nothing that I know of—why?"

"Because he's got him in arrest again at Honolulu, and the chief is worked up over something. Look here—do you suppose did you ever hear about certain letters that were stolen from Gen. Dayton's tent?"

"I heard—yes. Why?" And the look of disappointment which had appeared in the grave face of the colonel gave way to one of alert interest.

"Just read that," said the staff official, holding forth a letter. "Begin there at 'later.'"

And Armstrong read, his forehead slowly grooving into something very like a frown.

"Later, I may have to remain here several days. Canker, with the tenth, went ahead before news of the protocol could stop him; but he leaves here a number of sick—Lieut. Gray, charged with using threatening and insubordinate language to his commanding officer, among them; and Gray is down with brain fever. The doctors say he is too ill to be disturbed, and his side of the story is hard to get at, as

the boy is too flighty to talk sense. From Canker's own admission I learned that he accused Gray of having knowledge of the whereabouts of that packet of letters stolen from Gen. Dayton's tent, and the youngster's reply was Turious. Canker had to place him in arrest and prefer charges. When asked if he were sure of his ground in making so serious an accusation, he declared he had proof positive, at least he would have the instant they reached Manila, and his intention was to take the boy along with him to be tried there by court-martial, where 'no meddling outsiders,' as he said, could buy off witnesses. It was plain that he considered himself out of my jurisdiction, and that he resented my staff officer's questions. But Dr. Morrow had appealed to me in behalf of Gray. Said



Nowhere saw the mistress of the house.

that if compelled to continue a prisoner aboard that transport under Canker's tyrannical rule Gray might be goaded into insanity. He was in a condition bordering on brain fever when Morrow came to see me, and in another day was raving. That settled it. I ordered him taken off and placed in hospital here, and Canker had to go without him. But I wish you would see Armstrong and tell him about Gray, so that I may know the whole situation as soon as I return. Canker evidently intended not to let us know his proofs. He probably believes that he will find a more credulous and complaisant listener in Drayton; but his insinuations pointed to Gray as at least an abettor in the theft, and he went so far as to say that if Armstrong could be brought before the court some very interesting testimony could be dragged from him, and, finally, that both Armstrong and Mrs.—well, the wife of a staff officer who is already well on the way to Manila—might be compelled to testify. I cannot bring myself to repeat more than he said; but he was in ugly and almost defiant mood, and I had to give him a dressing down. You may say to Armstrong for me that I do not believe one word of Canker's calumny at his expense or that of the lady in the case. But he declared his intention of laying the whole matter before Gen. Drayton immediately on his arrival, and it is best that Armstrong should be prepared. As for the lady, Canker said she and Armstrong were very close friends when they were at Fort Stanhope ten years ago, though they no longer meet as such.

"And that brings me to another matter. I declined positively to allow two or three ladies, wives of officers, to go on to Manila with Canker's command; and they said that as I had promised Mrs. Garrison a passage I had no right to refuse them. Pressed for their authority, two very estimable women told me that, at the Presidio two days before we sailed, Mrs. Garrison openly boasted of having my promise to send her on the very next steamer. Now, who is really the fabricator? I told her positively that, with my consent, she should not go; and she laughed delightedly, and said she only asked as a matter of form—the whole thing had already been settled. Just see to it that if any more transports start before my return no woman is permitted aboard except, of course, authorized nurses. Gray is a very sick boy to-night, but you might wire his father, saying nothing of the arrest, that the doctors are confident of his recovery in course of time."

Armstrong read these pages twice over before he looked up.

"How did this letter come?" he asked.

"By the Salvador yesterday," he said.

"And the next mail for Honolulu?"

queried Armstrong, rising from his chair and handing back the folded letter.

"The next mail closed an hour ago, man. The China sails at two. No other boat for a week. Where are you going now?"

"To camp for ten minutes, then to the Presidio."

"Oh, come over to the club and have a bite first?" said the adjutant general, rising and wriggling out of his uniform coat as he did so. "I won't keep you half an hour."

"That half hour may prove precious," answered Armstrong, already at the door. "Many thanks, all the same."

"Well, hold on. What am I to say to the general as to Gray and those letters?" asked the staff officer, intent upon the subject uppermost in his mind at the moment.

"You can't say anything that will reach him before he returns. You have just told me no other boat would start for a week. By that time he'll be coming home." And with that Armstrong let himself out and strode to the elevator, leaving his friend to cogitate on the question over his luncheon. It was decidedly that officer's opinion that Armstrong knew much more than he would tell.

But Armstrong knew much less than he himself believed. Hastening back to camp and ordering his horse, he was soon speeding up the slope to the windswept heights overlooking the Golden Gate. The morning had opened fine as silk, but by noon the sky was hidden in clouds and the breath of the sea blew in salt and strong. The white-caps were leaping on the crest of the surges driving in through the straits and the surf bursting high on the

jagged rocks at the base of the cliffs. A little coast steamer from Santa Barbara way came pitching and plunging in from sea, and one or two venturesome craft, heeling far to leeward, tore through the billows and tossed far astern a frothing wake. With manes and tails streaming in the stiff gale, the troop horses of the Fourth cavalry were cropping at the scanty herbage down the northward slope, and the herd guard nearest the road lost his grip on his drab campaign hat as he essayed a salute and galloped off on a stern chase down the long ravine to the east, as the colonel trotted briskly by. One keen glance over the bay beyond rocky Alcatraz had told him the China was not yet away from her pier. He might have to send a dispatch by that swift steamer, and even then it would be six days getting to Hawaii. If the department commander should by that time be on his homeward journey the information would still be of interest to the general commanding the new military district at "the Cross Roads of the Pacific," and of vast benefit, possibly, to his late client, Mr. Gray. He wondered what Canker's grounds could be for saddling so foul a suspicion on the boy's good name. He wondered how long that poor lad would have to struggle with this attack of fever and remain, perhaps happily, unconscious of this latest indignity. He wondered if Amy Lawrence yet knew of that serious seizure, and, if she did, what would be her sensations. Down the winding, sloping road he urged his way, Glencoe, his pet charger, marveling at the unusual gait. The cape of the sentry's overcoat whirled over the sentry's head and swished his cap off as he presented arms to the tall soldier spurring past the guardhouse. "I envy no one who has to put to sea this day," said Armstrong to himself, as he turned to the right and reined up in front of a little brown cottage peeping out from a mass of vines and roses, shivering in the wet wind. Half a dozen strides took him across the narrow walk and up the wooden steps. With sharp emphasis he clanged the little gong bell screwed to the back of the door and waited impatient of the servant's coming. There was no answer. He rang again and still again, and no one came. A glance at the windows told that the white lace curtains hung there draped as prettily as ever. Fresh flowers stood on the window sill. A shawl and a pillow, the latter indented as by a human head, lay in the lounging chair on the little porch. Another chair stood but a few feet away. There was even a fan, though fans in a "risco summer are less needed than furs; but nowhere saw he other sign of the temporary mistress of the house. He went round to a side window and rapped. No answer. Then he turned to the walk again, and taking the reins, bade the orderly inquire next door if Mrs. Garrison could be found. Yes, was the answer; she went driving to Golden Gate Park with Mrs. Stockman an hour ago, and Mrs. Stockman was to leave for Los Angeles that night. Odd! If Mrs. Garrison drove to Golden Gate Park the easiest and best way was that along which he came, and he had met no carriage. In fact, not since that night at the Palace had he set eyes on Mrs. Garrison, or until the coming of this sorrowful news about Gray had he cared to. From all that he heard Mrs. Frank was enjoying herself at the Presidio. Cherry having gone one way and her devotee another, Mrs. Frank speedily summoned a chum of old Garrison days to come and keep house with her for awhile, and Mrs. Stockman, whose lord had left her at the call of duty, and gone to Manila with his men, right gladly accepted and much enjoyed the fun and frolic that went on night after night in Mrs. Frank's cozy parlor, or the mild flirtation, possibly, in the recesses of Mrs. Frank's embowered porch. The last expedition had borne off almost all the "regular" element at the post, but had not left it poor, for, fast as camp grounds could be made ready for them, vastly to the disgust of the saloon keepers and street car magnates who had reaped rich harvest from Camp Merritt, regiment after regiment, the volunteers came marching over from the malodorous sand lots and settled down in sheltered nooks about the Presidio. So cavaliers in plenty were still to be had, cavaliers whose wives and sweethearts, as a rule, were far away; and Mrs. Frank loved to console such as were so bereft. The chafing dish and Scotch and soda were in nightly request; and even women who didn't at all fancy Mrs. Frank, and spoke spitefully of her among themselves, were not slow to come "for just a minute," as they said, as the evenings wore on, and to stay and chat with various visitors—it was so lonely and poky over home with the children asleep and nothing to do. Women there were who never darkened Mrs. Garrison's door after the first formal calls; but they were of those who deeply felt the separation from all they held most dear; and who, forbidden themselves, heard with envy and even distress her gay assertion that she would sail for Manila the moment the Queen of the Fleet was ready. From what source—or circumstance—did she derive her influence?

But with the edict that no more troops should be sent came comfort to the souls of these bereaved ones. Transports would not go without troops, and Mrs. Frank could not go without transports, the journey was far too expensive; they wished her no evil, of course; but if they were themselves forbidden how could they rejoice that she should be permitted? They were actually beginning to feel a bit charitable toward her when the Queen of the Fleet herself came in Honolulu with the latest news. The fifth expedition had been halted there and put in camp. The hospital held several officers. Billy Gray was down with brain fever, and there had been a furious scene between him and his peppery colonel before the breakdown; and by that same steamer Mrs. Garrison had got a letter that had made her turn

Our Store is to be Enlarged and Generally Remodeled.

60 A SIXTY DAYS SALE 60

Our stock is too large to pack away, and there is too much danger in breakage; we, therefore, wish to close out as much as possible at from 10 to 75 per cent off selling price. The Sale Begins April 1st.

BUY YOUR WEDDING RINGS

Diamond
Clocks
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Chains

Charms
Watches
Canes
Opera Glasses

Friendship Hearts
Silverware
Umbrellas
Jewelry

Match boxes, pipes, pocket-books, soap boxes, soap stick cases, shaving mugs, powder boxes, coat hangers, key chains, hat marks, suspenders, hat brushes, clothes brushes, hair brushes, nail brushes, nail files, nail polishers, mirrors, combs, liquor flasks, fountain pens, stamp boxes.

CUT GLASSWARE 1-4 OFF
ROCKWOOD POTTERY 1-2 OFF.

This will be the greatest Jewelry Sale in the history of Washtenaw; but we would lose more by loss and breakage.

HALLER'S JEWELRY STORE

Established 1858.

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

LARGEST REPAIR SHOPS BETWEEN DETROIT AND CHICAGO.

NEW STATE TELEPHONE NO. 580.

white and tremble, as Mrs. Stockman saw and told, and then shut herself up in her room an entire day. Now for nearly a fortnight the lovely guest had been daily hinting that she really must go home, "dear Witchie" was surely tired of her; and Witchie disclaimed and protested and vowed she could not live without her devoted friend. But then had come that letter and with it a change of tone and tactics. Witchie ceased to remonstrate or reprove Mrs. Stockman, and the latter felt that she must go, and Witchie consented without demur.

In no pleasant mood Armstrong mounted and trotted for the east gate. The road was lined with camps and volunteers at drill. Vehicles were frequently moving to and fro; but the sentry at the entrance had kept track of them, and in response to question answered promptly and positively Mrs. Garrison's carriage had not come that way. "But," said he, "the wagon with the lady's baggage did. I saw the name on the trunks."

The colonel turned in saddle and coolly surveyed him. "Do you mean Mrs. Stockman's name?" he asked, in quiet tone. "How many trunks were there?"

"Oh, some of them might have had Mrs. Stockman's name, sir; but the two or three that I saw were marked M. G."

This was unlooked-for news. To her next-door neighbor Mrs. Garrison had said nothing about going away with Mrs. Stockman, and Armstrong had grave need to see her and to see her at once. The train for Los Angeles did not leave until evening. Possibly they were lunching somewhere—spending the afternoon with friends in town. He rode direct to headquarters. Some of the staff might be able to tell, was his theory; and one of them justified it.

"Did I happen to meet Mrs. Garrison? Yes, I just saw her aboard the China."

"Aboard the China?" exclaimed Armstrong, with a sudden thrill of excitement. "Do you mean she is going?"

"Didn't ask her. They were hustling everybody ashore, and I had only time to give dispatches to the purser; but she was on deck with friends when I came away."

People wondered that day at the speed with which the tall officer, followed by his orderly, clattered away down Market street. In less than ten minutes Armstrong was at the crowded pier and pushing through the throng to the China's stage. Too late! Already it was swung aloft, the lines were cast loose, and the huge black mass was just beginning to back slowly from its moorings. The rail of the promenade deck swarmed with faces, some radiant, some fearful. Words of adieu, fluttering kerchiefs, waving hands, tossing flowers were there on every side. Two officers, Honolulu bound, shouted Armstrong's name, and a cheery good-by; but he did not seem to hear. A gentle voice, the voice of all others he most longed to hear, repeated the name and strove to call attention to his gesticulating comrades on the upper deck; but he was deaf to both. Eagerly, anxiously, incredulously he was searching along that crowded rail, and all on a sudden he saw her. Yes, there she stood, all gayety, grace and animation, stylishly-gowned and fairly burdened with roses; and it was right at him she was gazing, nodding, smiling, all sweetness, all confiding, trusting joy; with just a little of triumph, too, and a tinge of sentimental sorrow in the parting. Apparently, it was all for him; for her blue eyes never faltered till they fixed his gaze, and

then, kiss after kiss she threw to him with the daintily gloved little hand, and, leaning far down over the rail, lowering it toward him as much as possible, she finally tossed to him, standing there stern and spellbound, a bunch of beautiful roses she had torn from her corsage. It fell almost at his feet, for in his astonishment and rising wrath he made no effort to catch it. A man, stooping quickly, rescued and handed it to him. Mechanically he said: "Thank you," and took it, a thorn pricking deep into the flesh as he did so; and still his eyes were fixed on that fairy form now surely, swiftly gliding away, and over him swept the consciousness of utter defeat, of exasperation, of dismay, even as he strove to fathom her motives in thus singling him out for such conspicuous—even affectionate—demonstration. Triumph and delight he could have understood, but not, not this semblance of confidential relations, not at least until he felt his arm grasped by a cordial hand, heard his name spoken by a friendly voice, and Mr. Prime's pleasant inquiry: "Have you no greeting for other friends?" Then the hot blood rushed to his face and showed even through the bronze as, turning, his troubled eyes met full the clear, placid gaze of Amy Lawrence.

TO BE CONTINUED

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 13th day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Addie L. Blair deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of H. A. Blair praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 16th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that all the persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the *Chelsea Standard*, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

P. J. Lehman, Probate Register.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 30th day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Schatz deceased.

William Hayes the administrator of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered that Friday the 27th day of April next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the *Chelsea Standard*, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

A TRUE COPY.

P. J. LEHMAN Probate Register.

FARM FOR SALE
AT A BARGAIN.

The well known Peach Blow Stock farm located 5 miles from the village of Midland, Midland county, Michigan, and lying on the Tittabawassee river, composing 270 acres, 240 of which is under cultivation and 30 acres of oak, beech and maple timber.

SOIL

The soil is a rich black loam with a clay sub-soil, the surface is slightly rolling, enough so as to afford natural drainage to the river, all clear of stumps, all line fences in good repair, but cross fences do not amount to much. However, will place them in good condition, or make allowance for same.

BUILDINGS

Grain Barn 48x96 basement
Horse Barn 48x50
Hay Barn 30x48
Granary 24x40
Hog House 24x32
Tool House 20x30
Two Stables 18x50
House 30x40. L 20x30
All in good repair and painted.

SMALL ORCHARD OF VARIOUS FRUITS.

As a producer of grapes and the raising of stock this farm is second to none in the state, but on account of the richness and composition of the soil is especially adapted to the beet industry which is its infancy in this locality, but which from experience furnished by outside sources in connection with personal observation justifies me in believing that the industry will prove successful beyond all anticipation, the product will have to be hauled but ½ mile to a siding from which there is a 25c rate to factory.

PRICE

\$12,300 for the 270 acres which is \$45.00 per acre. This is a bargain which must soon be appreciated, as the farm cost the original owners about \$20,000.

TITLE

Perfect title and property clear of encumbrance.

TERMS

\$6,000 cash, balance on time which can be made to suit purchaser, or might take small farm in Washtenaw county as part of consideration.

Here is a chance for some energetic and enterprising farmer to acquire a home at a very reasonable figure, and one that he can well afford to feel proud of.

Address,

W. Clark Westfall,
R 513, 145 La Salle St.
Chicago, Ill.

W. W. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping cough, pneumonia, and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. Glazier & Stimson.

DEALS DEATH AND RUIN.

Flood in the Colorado River Carries Away the Immense Dam at Austin, Tex.

THE LOSS OF MANY LIVES IS REPORTED.

Hundred of Homes in the Valley Are Swept Away by the Rush of Water—Whole Families Are Drowned—All Streams Overflow and Destruction Is Widespread.

Austin, Tex., April 9.—The great Austin dam gave away at noon Saturday before the floods of the Colorado river, spreading disaster in the lowlands of the city and points below here on the river. Forty or more persons are known to have perished, while a score or more are unaccounted for. The dam and power house just below, both of which were wrecked, were constructed seven years ago at a cost of \$1,400,000. Great damage has been done to crops and property throughout the flooded section, which extends practically from Waco to San Antonio.

Heavy Rains Bring Floods.
The heavy rains of the last few days had caused a violent rise of the river, the flood bringing with it a vast quantity of wreckage. This mass bore too heavily on the dam, breaking it, and letting loose a reservoir of water 30 miles long, half a mile wide, and 60 feet deep. Eight workmen in the light and power plant, just below the dam, were the first to be drowned.

A Wall of Water.
It is below Austin for a distance of 200 miles that the greatest havoc has been wrought by the Colorado river flood. Reports received here show that the wall of water came down upon the homes of hundreds of families without warning. Almost every wagon road bridge across the river between here and Columbus, a distance of probably 150 miles, was destroyed. This accumulation of drift added to the destructive force of the flood, and few residences and other buildings that were in its path are now standing.

Whole Families Drowned.
Many cabins inhabited by negroes, both above and below Bastrop, were washed away and whole families aggregating probably 30 persons in number are reported to have been drowned. Most of these negro cabins were only recently erected, the old ones having been swept away by the flood of last year. They were placed on higher ground than those which were destroyed in the previous flood, but that precaution did not save them when this overflow came.

Everything Under Water.
Reports from the neighboring country are to the effect that everything is under water. In Williamson county, north of here, railroad bridges and trackage have been laid waste and all trains have stopped running. Hundreds of head of cattle have been drowned and miles of fencing torn down and washed away. In Bastrop county and in the southern portion of this county similar conditions prevail, everything being under water, and much loss of property is reported. The country tributary to the Colorado river all the way down its course is being inundated, and while it is believed the worst is over, the loss as estimated will exceed \$2,000,000, counting Austin as the largest loser.

Disaster Is Widespread.
Waco, Tex., April 9.—Reports of loss of life and damage caused by floods due to the incessant rains during the last three days continue to come from all directions, and indications point to a repetition of the disasters of last year. Both telegraphic and telephone service all over the state is prostrated, and details from the flooded districts are meager. All streams, notably the Brazos and Colorado rivers, are overflowing the lowlands and rising rapidly. Cotton and corn crops in some sections are submerged and will have to be replanted. Railway traffic is practically suspended on all railroads running into this city, owing to washouts along the lines.

Gloomy Reports.
Dallas, Tex., April 10.—Reports received at Dallas Monday from the southern and southwestern Texas flood sections show conclusively that more than 50 lives have been lost, including those at Austin. The names of at least one-half of the victims are not obtainable because of the isolation of the localities from railroad and wire lines.

Five Reported Lost.
San Angelo, Tex., April 10.—A report is current here that five travelers encountered at the confluence of the Middle Concho river and Kiowa creek were drowned in the flood.

Against Taylor.
Frankfort, Ky., April 7.—The court of appeals has rendered a decision holding that J. C. W. Beckham is governor. The republicans will carry the case to the United States supreme court. Meanwhile no radical change in the relative positions of the two state governments is expected.

Well-Known Merchant Dead.
Muscatine, Ia., April 10.—George W. Billaway, one of the largest wholesale and retail crockery dealers in the west, died at his home here Monday morning. He was three times mayor of the city and a popular and wealthy citizen, his death closing a successful business career of over 40 years.

Five Perished.
Richmond, Va., April 9.—News reached here that the house of a negro living at Claremont, on James river, was destroyed by fire, and five out of his family of seven children perished in the flames.

QUEEN ON IRISH SOIL.

Victoria Is Given a Hearty Welcome in Dublin After an Absence of Thirty-Nine Years.

Dublin, April 5.—Queen Victoria landed in Ireland Wednesday morning for the first time in 39 years. The disembarkation from the royal yacht was accomplished at 11:30. The commander of the forces in Ireland, the duke of Connaught, the lord lieutenant, Earl Cadogan, and their staffs greeted her majesty, and the ride from Kingstown to Dublin commenced in splendid weather and before huge and good-natured crowds.

At the entrance to the city she received an address of welcome and handed the lord mayor a reply. The following is her majesty's reply in full: "I thank you heartily for the loyal welcome and good wishes which you have tendered me on behalf of yourself and your fellow citizens on my arrival in the ancient capital of my Irish dominion. I came to this fair country to seek a change and rest, and to revisit the scenes which recall to my mind the warm welcome given to both myself and my beloved husband. I am deeply gratified that I have been able at this time to see again the motherland of those brave sons who have recently distinguished themselves in the defense of my crown and empire with cheerful valor as conspicuous now as ever in their glorious past. I pray that the Almighty God may ever bless and direct you in the high functions which you exercise for the benefit of your fellow citizens."

Compared with the queen's recent visit to London, when she was practically unattended, the scene offered a vivid contrast. Deafening and continuous cheers marked every stage of the route, especially at the historic college green, where the crowds were thicker than at any other point. Trinity college was almost hidden by stands, which were black with people and flaming with flags and festoons. Amid the thunderous welcome of the populace the bells of the Catholic cathedral rang out a greeting.

HANGED TWO FILIPINOS.

Summary Punishment Meted Out by Gen. Funston—Court-Martial May Follow.

Manila, April 10.—An interesting topic of conversation in army circles is the investigation of Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston's execution of two Filipinos and the possibility of a court-martial resulting therefrom. The story is that the Filipinos captured three Maccabebe scouts who were crossing the country near San Isidro and were preparing to kill them when one of the Maccabebes escaped and found Gen. Funston with a scouting party near. This man guided the Americans to the rescue of his companions, and when the troops approached the Filipinos fled, leaving the Maccabebes. Several of the Filipinos were shot and Gen. Funston captured two of them, took them to the village square and hanged them without trial, as a warning to the Filipinos. The present method of warfare and instances of the mutilation of prisoners have incensed the American soldiers to such a degree that they feel justified in making reprisals, which has been done on several occasions recently.

WHEELER'S AMBITION.

Famous Fighter Declares That It Has Been Gratified to the Full.

Washington, April 7.—Gen. Wheeler's attention being called to a suggestion of himself as a vice presidential candidate, he made the following statement: "I do not think my name has ever been mentioned in that connection except as many other gentlemen have been referred to simply in the way of a personal compliment. I have appreciated these flattering allusions to myself, but never regarded them as at all serious or other than the kind expressions of partial friends. The greatest ambition of my life has already been realized. I have seen those who were once confederate soldiers fight under the Stars and Stripes against foreign foes as soldiers of the United States. I have seen the cordial relations which existed during the first 70 years of our government firmly established between the people of all sections of our common country, and in all this I believe I see the dawn of a new prosperity, in which the southern states will be the largest beneficiaries."

HAY FINDS A WAY.

Will Be Able to Convey Funds from United States for Boer Charities.

Washington, April 7.—Consul Hay, at Pretoria, has found a way of conveying funds from the United States to aid the Boer charities. Several days ago he was cabled an inquiry as to the possibility of doing this, and Friday a cablegram was received from him at the state department, announcing that he had been able to arrange for the transfer. Accordingly, the department has forwarded some drafts which have been awaiting a decision in this matter, and also has taken steps to notify Mr. Pruyn, of the Red Cross Aid society, of the consummation of the arrangement, and the department's willingness to undertake the delivery in Pretoria of any contribution or charity.

Killed by Stepson.

Mount Vernon, Ill., April 9.—George W. Roberts, a prominent farmer of this vicinity, was killed by his stepson, Hardy Hughey. The cause for the killing is unknown. Hughey is under arrest.

Quaker Evangelist Dead.

Pawtucket, R. I., April 9.—John Wright Dean, of Washington, D. C., well known throughout the United States as "The Quaker Evangelist," died here Sunday of pneumonia, aged 70 years.

Breaks the Record.

Washington, April 9.—A treasury department statement shows that there is more money in circulation now than in any previous time in the history of the country, the amount being \$2,021,374,526.

BOERS CAPTURE BRITISH.

Five Companies Forced to Surrender Near Bethany After a Day's Fighting.

IRISH FUSILIERS AMONG THE CAPTURED

Near Kimberley Methuen Surrounds and Captures a Small Body of Boers—Gen. Villiebois Mareull Is Killed—Burgers Trying to Redeem Promise to Retake Bloemfontein.

London, April 6.—A special dispatch from Lorenzo Marques says sharp fighting occurred April 2 in the neighborhood of Mafeking. The garrison made a sortie, while Gen. Plumer's cavalry attacked the Boers at Ramathlabama. Both attacks were repulsed. Twenty of Col. Plumer's men were found dead on the field and six others were made prisoners. The federal losses were small.

British Captured.

London, April 7.—The following is the text of Lord Roberts' dispatch to the war office announcing the capture of five companies of his troops: "Bloemfontein, Thursday, April 5.—Another unfortunate occurrence has occurred resulting, I fear in the capture of a party of infantry, consisting of three companies of the Royal Irish fusiliers and two companies of the Ninth regiment of mounted infantry, near Reddersburg, a little eastward of Bethany railway station, within a few miles of this place. They were surrounded by a stronger force of the enemy with four or five guns. The detachment held out from noon, April 3, until April 4, nine a. m., and then, apparently, surrendered, for it is reported that the firing ceased at that time. I immediately after I heard the news, during the afternoon of April 3, I ordered Gatacre to proceed from Springfontein, his present headquarters, to Reddersburg, with all possible speed, and I dispatched the Cameron Highlanders thence to Bethany. He arrived at Reddersburg at 10:30 yesterday morning without opposition, but could get no news of the missing detachment. "There can be no doubt the whole party has been made prisoners."

Severe Loss to Boers.

The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts dated Bloemfontein Thursday, April 5: "Methuen telegraphs from Boshof (in the Orange Free State, a little northeast of Kimberley) as follows: "Surrounded Gen. Villiebois Mareull and a body of Boers to-day. None escaped. Villiebois and seven Boers killed, eight wounded. Fifty prisoners. Our losses were: "Killed—Cants, Boyle and Williams, both of the yeomanry, and two men of the 2nd. "Wounded—About seven men. "The attack lasted four hours. The corps behaved well. Our force was composed of yeomanry, the Kimberley mounted corps and the Fourth battery of artillery."

British Losses Heavy.

It is officially announced that the British casualties in the Boer ambush near Sannas Post total 450, including 173 missing.

Are Badly Beaten.

Pretoria, Friday, April 6, via Lorenzo Marques.—It is reported that Gen. De Wet attacked and defeated a large force of British cavalry at De Wet's dorp, southeast of Bloemfontein, capturing 450 prisoners and a large quantity of ammunition and camp stores and inflicting heavy loss. The federal loss was two killed and four wounded. Aisquiet with the other commandos.

A Big Contract.

London, April 10.—Britons are now beginning, though reluctantly, to realize that Lord Roberts is in for a winter campaign, lasting several months. This is the end, in a few words, of the high hopes based upon Lord Roberts' brilliant dash to Kimberley and Bloemfontein.

At a Standstill.

Gen. Brabant and Gen. Gatacre are both at a standstill. Lord Roberts will probably for some time confine his operations to clearing the Free State behind him of raiders and to relieving Mafeking, for which purpose, apparently, the Eighth division, now arriving at Cape Town, has been ordered to Kimberley.

Big Order for Stamps.

Washington, April 6.—An order was issued Thursday by the post office department for the largest single shipment of ordinary postage stamps ever made in the history of the office. The shipment will take place next Friday, when 53,304,200 stamps, of the value of \$965,267, will be sent to 1,306 post offices throughout the country.

Father and Son Drowned.

Ironwood, Mich., April 10.—Mike Barre and his little son were drowned in a sink hole Monday. The boy, aged eight years, tried to get a drill out of the water for his sister, which had fallen in. He lost his balance and fell in. Mike Barre, the father, tried to rescue him and both were drowned.

Found Guilty.

Lansing, Mich., April 6.—Arthur P. Marsh, of Allegan, late inspector general of the Michigan national guard, has been convicted of having feloniously conspired with certain of his official associates to defraud the state. The statutory penalty is 14 years' imprisonment or less.

Paper Mills Burned.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 9.—Doonwell Brothers' large paper mills at Forster's station, four miles west of Ann Arbor, burned Sunday, and 25 families, which depended upon the mills for a living, are thrown out of employment. The loss will reach \$40,000 with but \$8,000 insurance.

Driven from the Pulpit.

Charlotte, Mich., April 9.—Methodists resented their pastor's bitter attack on the church and drove him from the pulpit, accepting his resignation on the spot.

THE SUDANESE FEVER.

It Makes Those It Attacks "See Red" and Drives Them Into Violent Insanity.

Much attention has been called to the number of men in the army serving in the Philippines who have gone insane, says a New York paper. The government has sent a special commission out there to investigate the matter, and there has been talk of a mysterious disease called the "Sudanes fever."

It is believed by some that this disease is peculiar to East Indian and African tropics; that it was this which caused Dr. Peters to get into trouble for killing Africans, and made the



MALAY RUNNING AMUCK. (Terrible Effects of the Disease Known as Sudanes Fever.)

French officers in the interior of Africa recently slay other officers sent to their relief, is one theory. Everybody has heard of the Malay who runs amuck and, frenzied, kills right and left until he himself is killed. The word "amuck" is a corruption of the Javanese word "amook," to kill. There seems to be no doubt that the Malay occasionally goes crazy through an overindulgence in opium or hashish, and, springing from his "shack," runs naked through the streets of his village, killing all whom he may meet.

When in a Malay village the cry "amuck" is raised, it is like the cry of "mad dog!" in an American village, and the populace turn out with long bamboo spears to kill the man as soon as they can. But the "Sudanes fever," if it exists, is another thing apparently. It may be that the disease which has afflicted white men in the Philippines and in equatorial Africa is only a variation of apoplexy brought on by indulgence in heating and stimulating foods.

The London Lancet recently had something about the alleged disease. People who had been afflicted with it and had recovered said that they had a sudden sensation of a desire to kill, and that they "saw red." A sudden afflux of blood to the head and the bursting of a blood vessel would produce insanity or coma. In northern climes it more usually results in coma; in the tropics it seems to result in insanity.

All the soldiers of our army in the Philippines who have been sent back as insane have been violent. As a matter of fact, only 37 men who served in the Philippines went crazy and were brought back to the United States. Of these 11 recovered and were discharged. This "seeing red" seems to be a peculiarity of the Asiatic when he is excited violently. The Sikhs and the Gorkhas, the best fighters in the native Indian army, describe their feeling when in the charge in the frenzy of battle as "seeing red." It is probably due to an afflux of blood to the head, which congests the small veins of the eyeball.

TO SUCCEED WATSON.

Admiral George C. Remy Appointed Commander of the Asiatic Station of the Navy.

Admiral George C. Remy, who has been assigned to succeed Admiral Watson as commander of the Asiatic station, is an old sailor, who served in the union navy during the civil war and who was very useful to the department during the recent war with Spain. He



ADMIRAL GEORGE C. REMY. (Just Assigned to the Command of the Asiatic Station.)

is an Iowa man and was appointed from that state to the naval academy at Annapolis in 1855. When the civil war began he was commissioned a lieutenant of the gunboat Marblehead in the South Atlantic blockading squadron. He was present at the siege of Yorktown and on several occasions engaged the batteries at long range. His ship was disabled just before the battle at West Point, Va., and the lieutenant was forced to witness the action as a mere looker-on. He fought at Sullivan's Island, Battery Wagner, Fort Sumter and Fort Yreag. After the war the customary shifting life of the naval officer in times of peace fell to his lot. In 1885 he was made a captain and placed in charge of the Charleston squadron of evolution. The Spanish war and the many changes in the navy that followed it brought Remy up to the rank of Admiral.

GOING TO COLORADO.

For the Sole Purpose of Living in a Political Atmosphere.

At the Age of 71 Mrs. Catherine V. Waite, of Chicago, Has Formed a Law Partnership with Her Husband at Denver.

At the age of 71 Mrs. Catherine V. Waite is about to form a law partnership in Denver, Col., with her husband, former Judge Charles B. Waite. The firm will be C. B. & C. V. Waite, and friends will be disappointed if the aged couple do not make some of the hustling western firms do their best to maintain prestige. Mrs. Waite, who is now in Detroit, has lived in Chicago at various times since 1855, and her home is at present with her daughter, Dr. Lucy Waite, 98 Loomis street, in that city. She has been a lifelong friend of Susan B. Anthony, and is one of the most remarkable women of the west.

Having lived in many states of the union, Mrs. Waite is going to Colorado because she believes it has the only atmosphere congenial to women of business ability and who desire a voice in the administration of public affairs. The versatility of this energetic woman is shown in the fact that she has been a farmer, a teacher, a lecturer, an author, a merchant, a builder, a real estate dealer, a lawyer, a contractor and a manager of large moneyed interests, and has attained eminent success in each of these callings. While attending to her law practice and her large business affairs Mrs. Waite expects to find time to complete the gathering of data for the publication of a scientific work which is to be published in Berlin. In it she will attempt to demonstrate that a woman can be a successful wife, mother and business woman at the same time.

Mrs. Waite was born in Canada and educated in Galesburg, Ill., and at Oberlin college. In the early 60s she arrived in Utah and fought Brigham



MRS. CATHERINE V. WAITE. (Has Formed a Law Partnership with Her Husband at the Age of 71.)

Young with relentless vigor, publishing a book entitled "Brigham Young and His Harem." President Lincoln appointed her husband United States justice for Idaho. When they came to Chicago from Rock Island the Waite's invested largely in Hyde Park property, and by careful management Mrs. Waite converted it into a small fortune. While her husband was traveling in Europe, from 1885 to 1887, Mrs. Waite took the course in the Union college of law and was admitted to the bar. For several years she edited the Law Times. After Judge Waite retired from the law firm of Cornell, Waite & Jamieson she became the active manager of their affairs. Realizing the possibilities of the world's fair, Mrs. Waite built three hotels. She has some property. A few years ago she was considered quite wealthy, but she and her husband have for several years past been paying off a large indebtedness contracted in building for the world's fair, a process which is not yet completed, and which has very much depleted their estate.

Just now, says the Chicago Times-Herald, Mrs. Waite is enthusiastically engaged in developing her Windsor possessions. She has built seven houses upon the property and is planning several more, attending to all the details herself. "It is a novel sight to see this woman, who bears her years so lightly, hustling among her workmen and contractors, giving orders and arranging details of building with the energy and enthusiasm which has characterized her long and remarkable career. Mrs. Waite's varied interests have compelled her to travel extensively, and there is not a detail of the business from Windsor to Colorado and Chicago with which she is not perfectly conversant. While Mrs. Waite has no ambition to go to congress, she declares that she must spend the remainder of her life in a political atmosphere made for women as well as men. Such an atmosphere she finds alone in Colorado.

Tags to Last Four Years.

Payment of the bicycle tax in France is proved by a small plate affixed to the machine every year, but the government now proposes to issue plates good for four years. The holder must have his name and address engraved at his own expense, but he is supplied with new plates when necessary, on producing the fragments of the old. Should he cease to own a bicycle he must at once deposit his plate, to have his name stricken off the list of persons liable to the tax.

The Growth of the South.

In the past ten years the production of wheat has increased 54 per cent. in the south, and the number of hogs raised there has, during that period, nearly doubled.

IS HIGHLY ESTEEMED.

Crowds Through the House Galleries When Congressman Littlefield Is Seated for a Speech.

Rarely does a congressman ascend to a prominent position before the people of the country as rapidly as the newest member of the delegation from Maine, Charles E. Littlefield—the late Nelson Dingley's successor. It was seen when Mr. Littlefield first appeared on the floor of the house that he was large and strong physically, and now, after his speeches on the question of seating Brigham H. Roberts and imposing a tax on Porto Rico's commerce with the states, it is observed that Mr.



CHARLES E. LITTLEFIELD. (Congressman Who Has Achieved Fame Within Three Months.)

Littlefield is a large, strong man mentally.

Mr. Littlefield, who is 49, began at an early age to provide himself with money by his own toil. At 13 he went haying, and thus earned his first dollar laboriously. Later he became a carpenter, and he was earning four dollars a day when he decided to study law. His professional education was based on a common school education—all he ever got. As a lawyer he worked 14 or 15 hours every day but Sunday, and for 15 years he seldom reached home in the evening before the rest of his family were asleep. Sundays he usually went with his wife to a Congregational church in his home town of Rockland. He became a state representative, speaker of the Maine house, attorney general of the state and Mr. Dingley's successor at Washington.

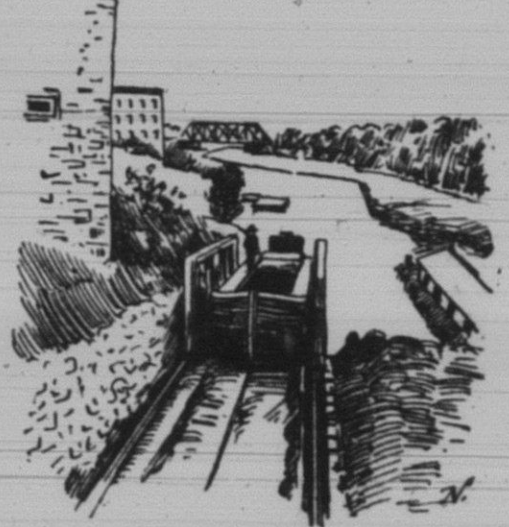
Naturally, says the Chicago Record, Mr. Littlefield thinks that the chief secret of his success is work, but he admits that his working day of 14 hours was made possible by health and power of endurance. He has been a total abstainer all his life, and he "chews" only the spruce gum of his native state. He says he has found more trouble in saving and investing money well than in earning it. He has a higher estimate of married men than of bachelors, and his sympathy goes out to the lawyer in congress who is trying to preserve his practice and at the same time do his full duty to his constituents.

THE FIRST CABLE CAR.

It Was Built Fifty Years Ago and Is Still in Operation Between Two New Jersey Towns.

Running from Phillipsburg, N. J., to Newark, N. J., there is a canal that is in many respects the most remarkable in existence. It is 60 miles long, and was in operation in New Jersey before a railroad existed in the state. It runs in many cases side by side with the Lackawanna railroad, and furnishes the most striking example of the difference between the old-time and modern methods of freight transportation that can be seen.

Its most remarkable feature is that in place of the lock system in use on



FIRST CABLE CAR. (It Is Still in Operation Between Two New Jersey Towns.)

canals the boats are drawn up and down elevations on great cars with high sides and open ends on a track 13 feet wide. These are the original cable cars. The principle by which they are operated, the endless cable, is exactly the same as that which was utilized for operating cable cars in cities. This method of transportation has been in use on the Morris canal for half a century, and antedates the introduction of cable cars by at least 35 years. The illustration was taken on the canal from Boonton to Montville, N. J., where the unusual features of the canal are most in evidence.

An interesting feature in connection with the Morris canal is that this is likely to be the last year of its operation, as an effort will be made at the next session of the New Jersey legislature to secure it as a means of furnishing Jersey City with additional water supply.

Flattery Always Tickles.

We may think people who always agree with us are mushy, but somehow we keep on liking them.

Chocolate in Confectionery.

Chocolate is used for confectionery more extensively than any other material except sugar.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turf Club & Wilkeson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms: \$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

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BOYCE'S CORNERS.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Boyce are both sick with the gripper.

Miss Edna Notten spent Saturday night and Sunday with her parents, at Francisco.

William Collins and family, with the exception of Mrs. Collins, are all sick with the measles.

Artie Fallon has returned from Canada, where he has been attending school. He will work for John Young the coming season.

Samuel Boyce, Mrs. Allen Skidmore, and L. B. Roepcke went to Owosso Tuesday to attend the funeral of their uncle, Alvin Evans.

The annual meeting of the Lyndon Baptist Sunday school was held April 1st. H. S. Barton was chosen superintendent, Wirt Boyce secretary, Inez Leek chorister and organist. Mrs. Leek will teach Bible class No. 1, and A. J. Boyce Bible class No. 2.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lyndon cheese factory was held last Monday. The following officers were elected: President, Delancy Cooper; secretary, Birtus Sweet; manager, John Clark. The board of directors consists of the president, secretary, S. A. Collins, A. J. Boyce, and Orson Beeman. The price of milk for the month of April is: nine cents delivered at factory.

LIMA.

Mrs. Fannie Ward is on the sick list.

John Joss is still in a precarious condition.

We see the plowshare once more glistening in the sunshine.

William Stocking is once more able to be about after a severe illness.

The promise for an average wheat crop this year, in this vicinity, is very poor.

Miss Josephine Hoppe was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Chase Saturday and Sunday.

John Heller and daughters Lydia and Clara spent Sunday with relatives in Bridgewater.

The town board has appointed Jacob Bareis dog warden and William Covert health officer.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Wood, and Mr. and Mrs. Warren Cushman Sunday at G. Perry's.

Charles Barth is slowly recovering from an injury he received while working in the woods, some time ago.

Mrs. Dr. Whitaker returned to her home last Friday, after several days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Perry.

For six years Miss Eva Luick has attended school continuously, and during that time has been neither absent nor tardy, and she may justly feel proud of her record.

John Lucht took a cool bath in Four-Mile lake one day last week. He says they may talk who wish about a cold bath being healthful, but he will take his chances hereafter in a little warmer water.

A large number of friends and relatives of Dan Wacker met at his home last Friday evening reminding him that it was his fortieth birthday, a pleasant evening was passed, and all present reported a good time.

FRANCISCO.

Fred Reimenschneider is on the sick list.

Albert Horning is again at work at Jackson.

Jacob Wellhoff's three children are quite sick.

Mr. Rank and Mrs. James Rowe are on the sick list.

Chris Kaiser spent a few days of last week at Fowlerville.

There were no services at the English M. E. church Sunday.

Mrs. Joseph Goodrich is spending some time with relatives here.

Several from here attended confirmation services at Sharon Sunday.

Mrs. John Hammond and Miss Nancy Berry spent Thursday at Sharon.

Albert Goodrich, of Detroit, spent the forepart of the week at this place.

Mrs. Albert and Mrs. Harry Richards and children spent a few days of last week at Manchester.

John Heselewerdt and Henry Orthing, of Sharon, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Joseph Walz and son spent Sunday and Monday with J. J. Musbach.

Miss Lina Notten and Burleigh Whittaker spent Sunday at Grass Lake.

Mrs. Jacob Seckrist, of Jackson, spent a few days of last week with her mother, Mrs. C. Hurst.

Mrs. John Wulfert and daughter Lizzie, Mrs. Henry Plowe and son Carl spent Saturday with their sister, Mrs. C. Heselewerdt, of Sharon.

Quarterly meeting will be held at the German M. E. church Sunday, April 15th. There will be a fine program given in the evening, it being Easter Sunday.

WATERLOO.

Mr. and Mrs. Dillon Rowe, of Charlotte, are visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Orson Beeman spent Sunday in Henrietta.

The Gleaners held a box social at their hall Thursday evening.

Albert Horr, of Jackson, is spending the week at Andrew Horr's.

L. L. Gorton spent Tuesday in Stockbridge, putting in 'phones.

The ice went out of the pond Saturday that has been frozen since December.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, of Jackson, are the guests of Mrs. Thomas' parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Proctor, of White Oak, spent Tuesday at Orson Beeman's.

Mrs. C. Dean left Saturday for an extended visit in Dansville and other places.

FREEDOM.

Ben Mister visited friends in Adrian Friday and Saturday.

Ernst Feldkamp is the happy possessor of a new buggy.

Fred Breitenwischer and daughter, Katie, drove to Ann Arbor on Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Jacobs, of Grass Lake, is spending a few days with Freedom friends.

Louis Breitenwischer spent Saturday and Sunday in Grass Lake and Jackson.

Miss Ida Ahrens, Barney Gates and Geo. Haynes, of Jackson, spent Sunday in Freedom.

Clifford Kendall, of Sharon, opened his spring school on Monday in district number 3.

Reuben Beuerle, who is sick with dropsy of the heart, is still in a very critical condition.

Quite a number of Freedom young people attended confirmation services at Manchester last Sunday.

SHARON.

Miss Julia Bahnmiller has the measles.

Fred Irwin, of Detroit, is home on vacation this week.

Ed Wolfe, of Bridgewater, visited his father, H. Wolfe, of this place, Sunday.

Mrs. Albert Green, of Manchester, visited her sister, Mrs. L. B. Lawrence, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Merriman, of Manchester, were the guests of L. B. Lawrence and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Corwin are moving their goods to Canada, where they expect to reside in the future.

The teachers from this vicinity attended a meeting of the Teachers' association at Manchester, Saturday.

Mrs. Sarah Bowers, one of the oldest and most respected pioneers of this town died Tuesday morning, April 10th.

On Saturday, April 7th, friends and neighbors, to the number of eighty, gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Heselewerdt to assist in celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of himself and estimable wife. The day was beautiful and the occasion enjoyed by all. Mr. and Mrs. H. have lived in their present home the twenty-five years of their married life and reared a family of seven children, two daughters and five sons, all of whom are living with them. They received many valuable and useful presents as tokens of the high esteem in which they are held. These were presented by Mr. O'Neil, who made a few appropriate remarks. After partaking of a dinner, such as the ladies of Sharon are noted for serving, and spending the afternoon in social intercourse, the company dispersed with best wishes to their host and hostess.

Mrs. A. Cooper is visiting relatives in Vermontville.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Loomis and L. W. Allyn and children, of Fishville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Fish Sunday.

At the republican caucus for electing delegates to the several conventions, M. L. Raymond was the unanimous choice for representative to the legislature from the second district.

An American Reporter.

They have a reporter on one of the Williamsburg papers who may not be much on style, but for placid, nervy "get there" he is a jewel. A little while ago he was assigned to a political meeting and asked to give a good report of it. Now, it happened that the festivities were conducted entirely in Polish, a language of which the young man knows nothing. This fact, however, did not phase him a bit. He made his way through the hall, pushed up to the platform, and sat down with the secretary. For several minutes he industriously took notes, and finally the secretary, turning to him, pumped out a volley of Polish.

"I am not in it, dear boy," retorted the young man, as he turned again to listen to the speaker. The secretary looked surprised. Finally he went out and brought in a man who asked in English: "Are you a Polish reporter?" "Nope," was the reply. "I am an American one." "Do you understand our language?" "I never heard it before," retorted the scribbler, "but I think I have picked up enough since I have been here to give a rattling good story." And he did.—N. Y. Press.

Taking Census in Porto Rico.

The census enumerator's lot is not wholly happy, even in his own land; but compared with that of his brother official in Porto Rico, it is an enviable one. There he not infrequently has to invent or evolve Christian names for those who never had any, or who have forgotten them, if they ever had. And fancy his perplexity when, after asking a woman her age, he is told that so many years have elapsed since she "was pretty"—her particular age when her beauty was conspicuous being a matter of mere conjecture. When the same query is propounded to a man, it is usually followed by a perplexed grin. The omnipresent small boy is of course at hand on these occasions, and beholding him, the relieved native will cheerfully aver, as he points toward him, that he "was as tall as that boy at the time of the 'San Felipe hurricane.'" Thus it happens that in striving to attain approximate correctness in statements of ages, the word "about" is in frequent use in the census records of Porto Rico.—Youth's Companion.

Mount Hope.

Bristol county, R. I., is noted as containing the eminence known as Mount Hope, which is celebrated as the residence of King Philip, the last of the Wampanagets, the Indian chief that carried a long and destructive warfare with New England's early settlers. Philip signed a treaty with the Massachusetts Bay colony in 1671, in the old church at Taunton, but the negotiations were abridged and fierce strife broke out in 1675 and lasted for some time. King Philip's wigwam was fixed near the brow of the hill. Irving wrote his biography, Southey perpetuated his memory in poetry, and Forrest portrayed him on the stage. Mount Hope is nearly opposite Fall River, Mass.—Detroit Free Press.

Cautious Man.

"Are you married?" he asked of the man who sat next to him on the suburban train. "What's that to you?" was the ungracious retort. "Oh, no offense meant, no offense at all. I'm a bachelor myself, but I've just been visiting a married sister, and I feel the need of expressing my views on children to some one. If you're married, though, possibly it wouldn't be wise."—Chicago Post.

An Apt Illustration.

An inspector of schools has been giving in the Humanitarian a selection of the leading "howlers" of his acquaintance. The shrewdest of all the answers came from a very small boy, who was asked to give a text which forbade a man to marry two wives. Without a moment's pause he replied: "No man can serve two masters."—Household Words.

Too Serious.

In a case of an assault by a husband on his wife the injured woman was reluctant to prosecute and give her evidence. "I'll leave him to God, me lord," she cried. "Oh, dear, no," said the judge, "it's far too serious a matter for that."—Green Bag.

The Queen's Private Solicitor.

It is not very generally known that the queen, the prince of Wales and other members of the royal family have their own private solicitor. Sir Henry Arthur White has acted in that capacity to the royal family for a good many years.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Facts in the Case.

Timkins—But is your income sufficient to justify you in marrying? Simkins—I'm afraid not. "Then what reason have you for taking such a step?" "I have no reason at all. I'm in love."—Chicago Evening News.

Mistakes Will Happen.

We always think that if we had our lives to live over we would avoid all the old mistakes. This is probable; but we would be apt to make as many new ones.—Philadelphia Times.

DUMPED INTO THE SEA.

Mischievous English Midshipmen Play a Practical Joke on a Pompanous Senior Officer.

A stout and elderly officer on board a British ironclad lying in the Bay of Naples very much objected to the practice of sitting long at wine on guest nights or any other nights. He therefore made a point of escaping directly the queen's health had been honored. The ship was an old-fashioned one, with large gun ports on the main deck. When the guns are run in, as is the custom at evening quarters, the ports make nice, large, airy seats. Knowing that while the



SEVEN TONS AT HIS BACK.

officers were at dinner no one would be likely to disturb him, the stout and elderly one, wishing to enjoy the fresh evening air, as well as the lovely scenery of the Bay of Naples, climbed into a gun port, and with pipe in mouth and legs dangling over the side did enjoy himself for some time. Of course, this proceeding was a breach of discipline. Now, though the wardroom officers were at dinner, the midshipmen were not. It was not long before the youngsters saw their chance for some fun. A council was held. Two boys got into a skiff and dropped under the stern to await events; two others seized the gun levers and hid behind the breech of the seven-inch gun—the muzzle was only a foot from the smoker's back. Another boy wriggled along the deck until he could reach the tripper; then, at a signal given by the ringleader, the levers were slipped, the gun ran down the slide, and before the smoker could look around seven tons weight in motion caught him in the back and overboard he went. The skiff dashed alongside and picked him up.

After this involuntary bath the smoker confined his smokes to the usual smoking place. Being in the main a kind-hearted man, the story did not reach the captain's ears—at all events, in an official manner. The midshipmen never mentioned it—oh, no, they never did!

LIKE DARK MEAT BEST.

Remarkable Statement of a Reformed Cannibal Who Has Tried Whites and Blacks.

Cannibalism is not so prevalent today as it was a quarter of a century ago, says an exchange. It is necessary to penetrate to very remote parts of the world, where the explorer and the missionary have not carried civilizing influences. There are many tribes of savages, however, now in a semicivilized state who, not so many years ago, were the worst kind of cannibals. A missionary the other day, who has just returned from a sojourn of many years among the cannibals, gave some inter-



WHEN HE WAS A YOUNG MAN.

esting information about this. All the present generation, he said, are converted to civilized practices, in large part, and only the old folks retain memories of the barbarous orgies the tribes used to indulge in.

"Once," said the missionary, "when a young man came to join me, one of the first things he confided to me was that he was anxious to see and talk to a real live cannibal. Accordingly I sent for one of the old, gray-headed men of the tribe, who had been a fierce warrior in days gone by. He was a tall and stately fellow, and he saluted us profoundly as he entered. As he could speak only his native language I had to interpret for the curious young man."

"Have you really eaten human flesh?" he asked. "I interpreted this, and the tame old savage grinned and nodded his head. 'Yes, frequently, when I was a young man,' was the reply, with a grin. 'Did you ever eat white men?' 'Yes, whenever they could be caught.' 'And people of your own color?' 'Always, when we made war, we ate our captives, if we were victorious; if not, they ate us.' 'Which tasted the best—white men or black?' 'Black men best; nice and juicy. White men tough and too salty.'"

Spring Millinery

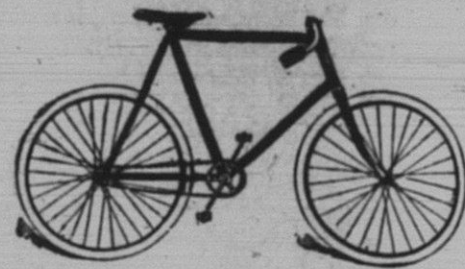
Bright Hats for bright days. The top notch of elegance is in our spring hats and all of the newest novelties we are showing.

Call and see our bright new Millinery,

MILLER SISTERS.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

BICYCLES!
AND SUNDRIES.



If you want a WHEEL or anything in the WHEEL LINE you can buy it at

COST FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

New Elgin Timer \$15.50 was \$25.00 GUARANTEED TIRES.

Featherstone \$21.00 was \$30.00

Columbia \$30.00 was \$50.00

La Clede Racer \$30.00 was \$50.00

Also Tribune, Phoenix, Eldredge and other Leading Makes.

MUST BE CLOSED OUT.

STAFFAN'S.

The Grandest Grand Opening of

SPRING WOOLENS.

ALL THE NEWEST AND MOST POPULAR WEAVES AND SHADES.

We are showing a very complete line of SPRING WOOLENS and assortment is large enough to suit all and at prices within the reach of everyone. We want to call your attention to the fact that we make all our Garments at home, thereby employing a large force of workers; this is no doubt appreciated by all who are interested in the best interests and welfare of Chelsea.

To live well is to DRESS WELL. We extend to you an invitation to call into the finest equipped store of the state and we will show you in quantity and quality one of the largest stocks in the state in Chelsea, or ring up No. 37 and will gladly send you our line of samples embracing our large stock so you can view them at home. We Solicit a call.

Yours for Good Goods and Good Work all Guaranteed as Represented.

RAFTREY THE TAILOR.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY!

Pleased buyers. We seem to know how to catch the fancy of Millinery Buyers. Styles please them, because always correct and up-to-date. Qualities satisfy, because they're of the best. Come and see our new goods.

MARY HAAB.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYES. Sold by Fenn & Vogel.

Beautiful Spring Millinery

I am showing a fine line of all the latest effects and novelties in Millinery. Would be pleased to have you call and inspect them.

Ella Craig Foster

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsies, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price 25 and 50 cents. All Druggists.

Opera House

THURSDAY, APRIL 19.

A Big Supreme Event.

SANTIAGO!

Witty Dialogues,
Funny Scenes,
Lovely Music,
Splendid Specialties,
Thrilling Climaxes.

40 PEOPLE 40.

An Enormously Strong Cast.

PRICE, - 15 CENTS.

THE SPRING SEASON'S GREETING.

After months of labor in buying we have secured the choicest stock of Dry Goods, Staple and Fancy Notions, Women's Tailor-Made Suits; Women's, Misses' and Children's Spring Jackets, Shirt Waists, Summer Underwear, Carpets, Draperies and Lace Curtains, Shoes, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Fancy Shirts, Neckwear, Hats and Caps we have ever been able to show our customers.

Nowhere else in the town will you find so large an assortment of new, up-to-date merchandise as we are showing. Nowhere else in the town will you find the staple buy shoes on a large scale, direct from the manufacturer, therefore not only saving our customers the jobber's profit, but selling them the most reliable class of footwear to be found anywhere. Every pair of shoes we sell (no matter how low the price) is guaranteed solid throughout, and will wear equal to shoes sold elsewhere at from 25 to 50 cents more money. No shoddy, no trash; we sell only shoes that we can warrant, and want them back if not right in every way. Our shoe stock is the largest in town. We have dealer's shoes in every up-to-date style, for every use, and all occasions. We want your shoe trade, and we are confident you will want our shoes after comparing them with other

REMEMBER WE SELL:

Women's Dongola Shoes, lace or button, new style toe.....	\$1.25
Women's Dongola Shoes, better grade.....	1.50
Women's Dongola Shoes, regular \$2.00 grade, at.....	1.75
Women's Vic Kid Shoes, regular \$2.50 grade, at.....	2.00
Women's Vic Kid Shoes, regular \$3.00 grade, at.....	2.50
Women's Tan Dongola Shoes, cloth top, at.....	1.50
Women's Tan Dongola Shoes, kid or cloth top, at.....	2.00
Women's Black and Tan Oxford's, lace or strapped front, patent leather or kid tip, made up stylish, at.....	1.25
Women's Black and Tan Oxford's, at.....	\$1.50, \$1.75, and 2.00
Women's Kid House Slippers, at.....	50c, 75c, \$1.00 and 1.25
Men's Solid Calf shoes, at.....	\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 2.50
Men's High Grade Welt Shoes, in box calf, valour calf, vic kid, enamel and patent leather, at.....	\$3.00 and \$3.50
Men's Grain Plow Shoes, solid as a rock, buckle, lace or congress, sole leather insole, double tap bottom, put on with two rows of wooden pegging, at.....	1.25
Men's Seamless, Oil Grain and Kip Plow Shoes, at.....	1.75
These are the greatest shoes for the money we have ever seen. Not a seam to rip, made to fit the foot to perfection, and will wear as well or better than the ordinary \$2.00 or \$2.50 shoe.	
Boys' Strong Heavy Shoes, grain and kip, at.....	\$1.25 and 1.50
Boys' Solid Calf Shoes, at.....	\$1.40 and 1.65
Misses' Calf Shoes, lace and button, at.....	\$1.25 and \$1.35. Sizes 11½ to 2
Misses' Kid Shoes, at.....	\$1.25, \$1.35 and 1.50

IN FACT we have hundreds of pairs of Misses' and Children's Shoes at from 50c to \$1.50, and every pair is a bargain at the price we ask. COME and LOOK. Ask to see the NEW SHOES.

Yours Respectfully,

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.



THE FAMOUS
Queen Quality Shoe
For Women.

Price \$3.00

In presenting "Queen Quality" we have placed before the Women of America a shoe of exceptional value for \$3.00.

Highest Quality of material and workmanship.

Made in thirty styles suitable for street, dress, home, or outing. For retaining their shape and fitting where others fail, they have no equal.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY



Queen
Quality



Notes of the Week

Gathered for The Standard's Readers

Ignatius Howe is quite ill with the grippe.

Rev. Father Considine has a new Chelsea telephone in his residence.

C. H. Kempf, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is rapidly improving.

A. E. Winans is making arrangements to move into the vacant store owned by W. J. Knapp.

J. Bacon is tearing down the old skating rink, preparatory to erecting a residence on the site.

Remember the war drama, Santiago, at the opera house, Thursday, April 19th. Admission 15 cents.

The Chelsea Orchestra has been engaged to play for a party at Dexter, on Friday evening, April 20.

The Creamery company has purchased land of M. Boyd, and their buildings will be erected thereon immediately.

Died, on Wednesday night, April 11th, 1900, Anna Marie Rouser, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Lambrecht.

The last number of the People's Popular Course will be given by the Park Sisters at the opera house Friday evening.

The remains of the late Mrs. Frank Lambert will be removed from the vault today and interred in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Special services will be held in St. Mary's church in the evening of Good Friday, the anniversary of the death of Christ.

Max Pierce is now suffering from a broken jaw and a badly bruised face, as the result of a kick from a horse, Wednesday.

The date of Santiago has been changed from April 20th to the 19th. Don't fail to attend this grand drama. Admission 15 cents.

The democratic county convention for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention at Port Huron has been called for Friday, April 27, at 11 a. m.

The Michigan Central is making arrangements for a much needed improvement at the station. They are to put down a brick pavement around the same.

Of the graduates in the literary department of the U. of M. this year, are following from Chelsea: Eloise Morton, Nellie D. Mingay and Minnie C. Cassidy.

The record keeper of Chelsea Tent, No. 281, K. O. T. M., has received a check for \$2,000 in payment of the certificate held by the late Henry Mensing.

O. D. Hunt, who was to have given an illustrated lecture at the Baptist church on Sunday and Monday evenings of this week, was called to Washington, D. C., by the war department, and the lectures were postponed until Thursday evening, April 26.

Miss Mary Clark was unable to preside at the organ in St. Mary's church last Sunday because of illness, but Mrs. J. Edward McKune made an acceptable substitute.

The Chelsea Manufacturing company commenced work clearing up the ground preparatory to the erection of their three story factory building north of the Chelsea House.

Columbian Hive, L. O. T. M. will hold a meeting Tuesday evening, April 17th. Rose J. Gregg, Deputy Great Commander, will be present. The regular work will be exemplified.

M. L. Burkhart has rented the store formerly occupied by The Staffan Furniture company, and as soon as the weather will permit he will open an ice cream parlor. Watch for opening announcement.

A fine Easter entertainment will be given at the Methodist church by the Sunday school next Sunday night. Let everybody come and bring a piece of silver for the Sunday school missionary collection.

A handsome monument was recently erected in Mt. Olivet cemetery by the Foster and Stapish families; and one in memory of the late Albert Hindelang is now on the ground, and will soon be put in position.

The war drama, Santiago, will be presented to the public at the opera house, Thursday evening, April 19th, instead of the 20th, as advertised last week. Many new specialties will be added, making it greater than ever before. Admission 15 cents.

In February, for the first time in the history of the United States, the money in circulation reached the two billion mark. The per capita circulation—the prospect for each man, woman and child of our entire population—is also greater than ever before, being \$25.98 for each inhabitant.

Rev. Father Casimir, O. M. Cap. of Detroit, will assist at the services in St. Mary's church on Easter Sunday. Special music has been prepared, and the altars will be beautifully decorated. Solemn vespers will be sung in the evening. The collection at all the services will be an Easter offering to the pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Merker, of Clinton, have moved into Chas. Tichenor's residence on South street. Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Howe have moved into the residence on Main street which they recently purchased. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Riemen-schneider have moved into Karl Mensing's residence on Middle street.

The members of the Y. P. S. C. E. extend to the members of the Epworth League, and of the B. Y. P. U., and to all the young people of the village, to meet with them at the Congregational church Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock, to hold a union sunrise prayer meeting. Let us worship and rejoice together on the glad Easter morning.

The Farmers' Co-operative Beet Sugar Company, of Dundee, by their secretary, Edward C. Post, most emphatically denies a statement published in the "Michigan Beet Sugar" of March 23, that it has out its contracts to a Kalamazoo company. It is making new contracts for the coming year.

The service at the Methodist church Easter Sunday morning will be in the elderly people of the church and congregation, and all are cordially invited to attend. All who cannot walk will be taken in a comfortable carriage. We hope to see a large attendance of our fathers and mothers in Israel present.

The market this week shows no material change over last week. The wheat quotations are: 68 cents for red or white; oats and beans remain at the same as last report. The butter and egg market declined, buyers paying 14 to 15 cents for butter and 9 cents for eggs. There is not any change in the stock market, so the local shippers report.

It has been decided that Thursday, August 9, will be German Day, at which time Jackson and Washtenaw county Germans will gather at the fair ground or a holiday. The executive committee is comprised of Rudolph Worch, Albert Frank F. G. Adler, Carl Eberle and Geo. Schwemle. The committee on badges is F. G. Adler and Albert Frank—Jackson Patriot.

The promoters have secured the entire right of way between Ann Arbor and Chelsea for the new electric line, and work upon it is expected to commence at once. The chances for Dexter securing the line seem to be daily growing beautifully less, and those who a short time ago were so confident in predicting that the road would never pass Dexter by are beginning to wonder where they are at.—Dexter Leader.

A R. A. M. lodge has been organized in Chelsea, to be known as Olive Chapter No. 104, R. A. M. The following officers have been elected: H. P. R. S. Armstrong; Sec., T. E. Wood; Treas., J. A. Palmer; R. A. C. W. W. Gifford; P. S. C. W. Maroney; C. H. J. F. Waltrons; 1st M. V. H. H. Avery; 2d M. V., E. R. Dancer; 3d M. V., R. B. Waltrons. They will hold their regular meetings Friday evenings on or before the full of the moon.

Katie E. Clark, of Chelsea, has filed a bill of complaint in the circuit court against G. August Koelz. She claims that on March 19, 1895, she entered into a land contract with Mr. Koelz and paid some money on the bargain and that she has since offered to pay the balance, but that he would not accept the same. Judge Kinne granted her an injunction restraining him from selling the land, but refused her an injunction restraining him from commencing any suit at law.

Our wool merchants have received letters from eastern buyers, asking them to use their influence to stop the use of steel grass or binding twine in binding up wool. They say that in the removal of the twine from the fleece some fibres are liable to adhere to the wool and follow it through the various processes without discovery until the goods are dyed when every strand shows plainly. Some manufacturers refuse to buy wool in which they see more or less of the twine.—Wil-Hamston Enterprise.

Personal Mention

D. C. McLaren spent Tuesday at Leslie.

E. R. Dancer spent Sunday at Ann Arbor.

J. S. Cummings spent Sunday at Jackson.

H. L. Wood spent Tuesday at Jackson.

C. M. D. H. Wurster spent Friday at Dexter.

Mrs. Geo. Irwin is spending this week at Lansing.

D. B. Taylor, of Mason, spent the first of the week here.

Reuben Eppler, of Concord, is the guest of Adam Eppler.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Gifford spent Sunday in Leslie.

Rev. F. A. Stiles was a Kalamazoo visitor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier spent Wednesday at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McLaren spent Sunday at Plymouth.

Chas. Smith, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Dr. R. S. Armstrong was a Durand visitor the last of last week.

John Bagge, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. Andrew Greening has returned from her visit in Detroit.

Arthur Fallon is home from Assumption college, Sandwich, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. BeGole spent Sunday with Ypsilanti friends.

Born, Friday, April 6, 1900, to Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Hoffman, a daughter.

Miss Dora Harrington, of Detroit, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. Frank Carringer is visiting relatives at Jackson this week.

Miss Libbie Wade, of Jackson, spent Sunday with her parents in Lima.

Very Rev. Dean Savage, of Detroit, visited his mother last Tuesday.

Miss Edith Boyd visited Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti several days last week.

Mrs. Neisley, of Manchester, was a guest of Mrs. Spinagier, Tuesday.

Mesdames F. Staffan and J. E. McKune are Detroit visitors this week.

H. S. Holmes attended a meeting of the prison board at Jackson Friday.

Mrs. H. M. Conk and children, of Gregory, are visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton Fletcher, of Stockbridge, spent the first of the week here.

Mrs. John Wade, Jr., and children left Saturday for their home in Battle Creek.

Dr. H. H. Avery entertained his brother, Dr. E. L. Avery of Howell Sunday.

Misses Nellie Hall and Mattie Stimson visited friends at Owosso over Sunday.

Miss Cora Foster has returned from her visit to St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian.

Henry B. Hagan, of Detroit, is spending his vacation with his grandmother, Mrs. Kelly, and other relatives.

Mesdames J. S. Cummings and J. M. McLaren were delegates to the state convention of the Epworth League at Owosso the latter part of last week.

Supervisor Bacon was at Ann Arbor Tuesday, to meet the state tax commission.

B. C. Whitaker, of Dexter, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitaker, Friday.

Mrs. Phoebe Morley, of Union, Ont., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Turnbull.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dancer, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hoag.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer attended the funeral of Leonard Gruner, of Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitaker entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker, of Lima, on Monday.

Rev. Father Considine is in Detroit today, assisting at the solemn services at the Cathedral.

E. L. Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Schumacher.

Mrs. Jas. McLaren, sr., who has been visiting in Saginaw and Plymouth, has returned home.

Fred Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, spent Friday night with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schumacher.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Watson will leave for Anderson, Ind., Friday, to visit Dr. Stapish and family.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The republicans of the township of Sylvan will meet at the town hall, Chelsea, on Tuesday the 17th day of April 1900 at 3 o'clock p. m. (local time) for the purpose of electing twelve delegates to the Republican County Convention to be held at the court house in the city of Ann Arbor in the county of Washtenaw on Thursday, April 26th, 1900.

Dated, Sylvan, April 11th, 1900. By Order of Township Republican Com. A. W. Wilkinson, Chairman.

A TESTIMONIAL FROM OLD ENGLAND.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is quite well." Sold by all druggists.

REWARD.

We, the undersigned druggists offer a reward of 50 cents to any person who purchases of us, two 25 cent boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters Tablets, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which is recommended. Price 25 cents for either tablets or liquid. We will also refund the money on one package of either if it fails to give satisfaction. Fenn & Vogel, Glazier & Stimson.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mother's and grandmother's never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Sample bottles at Glazier & Stimson.



The Rising Generation

as well as the present one will be better and stronger if their food consists of a little of the good rather than much of the inferior.

GROCERIES

of superior quality are not necessarily expensive. Our goods are the best, yet prices are not higher, and in some cases not as high as those charged for inferior goods.

We are Selling:

Best Japan Tea at.....50c pound

Good Japan Tea at.....30c pound

Best Tea Dust at.....25c pound

18 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

Standard Mocha and Java coffee...25c lb

Sweet Navel Oranges.....18c dozen

Fancy Messina Lemons.....20c dozen

Fresh Lettuce, Radishes, Pieplant, etc. at Lowest Prices.

Cash paid for Eggs, Butter, Beans Potatoes and Popcorn.

Chelsea Telephone No. 14.

FARMERS' ATTENTION!

The Farmers' Co-operative Beet Sugar Co. have received from the United States Department of Agriculture a large supply of five of the best varieties of European Sugar Beet Seed, which they will furnish in quantities sufficient to plant from 1½ to 1½ of an acre, to any farmer in Monroe, Wayne, Washtenaw and Lenawee counties, who will agree to plant and cultivate the same in full accord with directions given.

Further information can be obtained by addressing the Farmers' Co-operative Beet Sugar Company, Dundee, Michigan.

Found in Freeman's store, Saturday morning, a sum of money.

FREEMAN'S.

County and Vicinity

A black duck and a mammoth white swan hung in front of Alderman Bros. store Monday. They were shot by Prof. Carrick, on the Monroe marshes.—Milan Leader.

Postmaster Pond reports that the Ann Arbor office receipts passed the \$10,000 mark several days before the end of the quarter. This insures the promotion of the office to the first class.

Auctioneer C. Y. Peek, of Fowlerville, twenty-seven years ago, purchased a sewing machine for \$98, and placed it in his home. Today the old relic of bygone days continues to serve the family well, and the curious part of it is the fact that Mrs. Peek is still using the same needle that came with the machine, a full paper remaining undisturbed in the drawer for adjustable parts.

The W. A. Boland residence, near Grass Lake, which was erected last summer at a cost of \$30,000, has been furnished at a cost of \$5,000. The residence is located on a farm two miles south of the village. The land was bought from the government by Mr. Boland, sr., in 1835. W. A. Boland is humoring his fancy by making it a summer home for himself. He has one of the finest stock farms in Michigan.

The case of Catherine Fillmore vs. The K. O. T. M., was decided against the plaintiff by Judge Kinnie Wednesday. Prof. Thompson, attorney for Mrs. Fillmore, says he will take the case to the United States supreme court if necessary. Fillmore had stock in a brewery when he died, and his wife could not collect his insurance. The case has already been to the state supreme court, which sent it back on error.—Courier-Register.

Ann Arbor and vicinity have had a run in calamities recently, and Sunday was not an exception. Cornwell Bros. large paper mills, located at Foster's Station, a few miles west of the city, burned to the ground Sunday morning, and now presents a pitiable sight. The mill caught fire near the engine room, as the first discovery of the fire suggested, but no positive statement can be made as to how it caught, as no one knows. Through the mill about twenty-five families made a livelihood, and the disaster of Sunday morning throws them out of employment. The loss is placed at \$10,000, with but \$8,000 insurance.—Evening Times.

The perseverance of William Boyden, the well known short-horn cattle breeder, is at last to be rewarded by a substantial appreciation of his life work. On Saturday he returned from Chicago where Wright & Boyden, in conjunction with Frank Erather, J. M. Forbes & Son and Frank W. Bates, held an auction of blooded stock that brought on an average over \$275 a head. Mr. Boyden's eleven brought a average of \$277 a head, the highest price being \$600. This sale indicates that the farmers are again demanding good stock and are willing to pay for the same. The many friends of Mr. Boyden will be glad to know of his bright prospects. He is recognized as authority on short-horns, and his stock has always had the best reputation. He deserves the material benefit that he will receive.—Daily Argus.

Wanted—A girl for housework. Inquire at The Standard office.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

WORK DONE IN CONGRESS

Important Measures Passed and Others Under Discussion in the Senate and House.

APPROPRIATION BILLS ARE CONSIDERED.

Senate Passes the Measure to Aid the Indians—House Indorses the Bill for a Territorial Form of Government in Hawaii—Daily Summary of Proceedings.

Washington, April 4.—By a vote of 40 to 31 the senate yesterday passed the bill providing a civil government and a 15 per cent. tariff on imports into the United States from Porto Rico, but admits most products free and provides absolute free trade March 1, 1902, or sooner if local revenues permit. Following is the detailed vote upon the measure:

Yeas—Allison, Baker, Bard, Carter, Chandler, Clark (Wyo.), Cullom, Deboe, Depew, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Hanna, Hansbrough, Hawley, Jones (Nev.), Kean, Kyle, Lodge, McBridge, McComas, McMillan, Penrose, Perkins, Platt (Conn.), Platt (N. Y.), Pritchard, Quarles, Ross, Scott, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Thurston, Wetmore, Wolcott—40.

Nays—Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Clark (Mont.), Clay, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, Davis (rep.), Harris, Helfield Jones (Ark.), Kenny, Lindsay, McLaurin, Martin, Mascen (rep.), Money, Morgan, Nelson (rep.), Pettus, Proctor (rep.), Simon (rep.), Sullivan, Tallaferro, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Vest, Wellington (rep.)—31.

Washington, April 5.—In the senate yesterday the Quay case, the Philippine bill and the Alaska bill were discussed and 81 private pension bills were passed.

Washington, April 6.—Senator Gallinger (N. H.) presented an argument in the senate yesterday against the seating of M. S. Quay as a senator from Pennsylvania. Most of the day was spent in executive session on the Hay-Paunefote treaty. Senator Gear (Ia.) introduced an amendment to the post office appropriation bill fixing eight hours as the length of the working day for clerks in post offices and providing for extra pay for additional hours.

Washington, April 7.—Senator Deboe (Ky.) gave notice in the senate yesterday that he would move to refer the credentials of J. C. S. Blackburn as a senator from Kentucky to the committee on privileges and elections. The Indian appropriation bill was discussed.

Washington, April 9.—The senate on Saturday occupied the time in discussing the Indian appropriation bill. Washington, April 10.—The Indian appropriation bill, carrying about \$8,411,000, was passed in the senate yesterday and the Alaskan civil code bill was considered.

House. Washington, April 4.—In the house yesterday the Hawaiian territorial bill was discussed and a measure was favorably reported authorizing the president to assign retired officers to give military instruction in public schools.

Washington, April 5.—The Porto Rico bill was received in the house yesterday from the senate and referred to the ways and means committee. The Hawaiian territory bill was further considered.

Washington, April 6.—In the house yesterday the Hawaiian bill was amended so as to nullify labor contracts and prohibit saloons. The naval appropriation bill (\$61,219,946) was reported.

Washington, April 7.—The substitute for the senate bill, providing for a territorial form of government for Hawaii, was passed in the house yesterday by a vote of 120 to 28. The bill now goes to conference. Mr. Jenkins (N. C.) introduced a bill looking to the control of trusts.

Washington, April 9.—In the house on Saturday the agricultural appropriation bill (\$4,113,000) was reported and eulogies were pronounced upon the life, services and character of the late Richard P. Bland, of Missouri.

Washington, April 10.—A favorable report was made in the house yesterday on a bill to revise the general pension act of June 30, 1890. The agricultural appropriation bill was discussed and a resolution introduced for a congressional investigation of the conduct of the war in the Philippines.

Yellow Fever Epidemic.

Washington, April 10.—The marine hospital service has received information that the yellow fever is epidemic in San Salvador. The surgeons of the service stationed at the fruit ports have been notified and will keep the officials here advised of any developments in the situation.

Boutelle's Condition.

Boston, April 10.—The Post says Congressman Boutelle is still at the sanitarium at Waverly, and his health is not mending to any manifest degree. The fact daily becomes more apparent to his family that he will never again take his place in public life.

Municipal Government.

Washington, April 5.—A Manila dispatch says that a scheme of municipal government prepared by a mixed board, of which Senor Arellano is president, has received the approval of Gen. Otis.

Post Office Robbed.

Cleveland, O., April 7.—The safe in the post office at Dover Center, a suburb of this city, was blown open with dynamite by burglars, who secured \$100 in money and \$100 in stamps.

Many Horses Burned.

Lincoln, Neb., April 7.—The Oriental livery barn burned Friday and 25 horses perished. There were several of value. Aside from the horses the property loss is not large.

FRUIT BOND LAW.

Dealers in Benton Harbor Begin a Suit Intended to Test Value of the Statute.

St. Joseph, April 8.—Fruit solicitors of Benton Harbor propose to test the new law, which provides that no person shall solicit fruit or vegetables without first giving bonds for \$5,000. W. H. Woodley raised the necessary funds to test the law, and Saturday Morning W. B. Thompson was arrested, charged with soliciting one case of onions and one case of asparagus from Albert Beaton to be shipped to the commission house of T. Mason & Son, Chicago. W. H. Woodley made the complaint against Mr. Thompson. The case will be tried in Justice Kimball's court this week, then taken to the circuit court at once, and last to the supreme court in June, or sooner, if possible.

Attorneys for Frank L. Hammond and Marshall Howell will handle the case for the commission men, and they are confident of winning. They say the law is unconstitutional. The arrest of Mr. Thompson was received by the leading fruit brokers and solicitors of this city as a great surprise. It has been learned, through official private sources, that Mr. Thompson will be financially backed by the entire South Water street commission merchants of Chicago, and the best attorneys in the state will be engaged to carry the fight through the various courts. If the supreme court holds that the law is constitutional, the loss to the Chicago commission merchants will represent thousands of dollars annually, as it is agreed that the merchants cannot abide by the law—in fact will be deprived of the privilege of sending their representatives to this vicinity to solicit the farmers' products.

Michigan Wins.

Chicago, Ill., April 7.—The University of Michigan debating team defeated the University of Minnesota team Friday night at Studebaker hall, winning the championship of the Central Debating league, which is composed of the University of Chicago, Northwestern university, Minnesota and Michigan. The decision of the judges was unanimous. Michigan defeated the University of Chicago in the preliminary contests, and the University of Minnesota defeated Northwestern, so by defeating Minnesota Michigan won the series. The question: "Are the Economic Advantages of Trusts Sufficient to Justify Their Existence Under the Law?" was debated. Michigan took the affirmative.

Burglars Rob a Hospital.

Ann Arbor, April 7.—Robbers entered the university hospital early Friday morning, securing \$210 in money and leaving no clew save the footprints of three men leading from the hospital to the Michigan Central railroad tracks. The burglars got into the office by prying up a window, drilled a hole in the safe door and wrecked safe and office with a charge of giant powder. The night physician thought it was a gas explosion and made the rounds of the hospital proper in order to care for the patients before he discovered that the hospital had been robbed.

Impure Drug Seized.

Port Huron, April 7.—Deputy United States Marshal Lomasney seized a 1,726-pound consignment of asafetida that was being imported through the Port Huron customhouse for alleged violation of the impure drug law. The drug had been turned back at Baltimore as impure and was then with-drawn for export, shipped to Toronto and then an effort made to get it into this country at this point. It is billed to Mahoney, Chicago.

Jail Breakers Foiled.

Marquette, April 9.—Six prisoners in the Marquette county jail awaiting trial for serious offenses made an ineffectual attempt to break jail here Sunday afternoon. Sheriff Carlson came upon them after they had picked one of the two locks of their cells. The plan was to get out of the cage and then knock down the first officer who appeared, take his keys away from him and unlock the one remaining door.

Miners Go on a Strike.

Houghton, April 9.—One hundred miners at Franklin Junior mine, seven miles north of Houghton, struck Saturday for an increase of ten per cent. in wages. On April 1 the management gave practically five per cent. increase to laborers and trammers, but did not advance miners' wages. The miners on company account are now getting \$54 per month.

Charged with Embezzlement.

Marshall, Mich., April 10.—A. O. Hyde, ex-superintendent of the poor of this county, was bound over for trial on three counts charging him with embezzlement as a public official. His total alleged stealings amounted to \$16,000, of which he paid back \$4,000. He is 84 years old and had held the office for 30 years.

Plow Up Their Wheat.

Lansing, April 10.—Many farmers in northern Indiana and southern Michigan have commenced plowing up their wheat, owing to its being a total failure. It was injured during the past winter by frequent freezing and thawing and too cold weather, when there was no snow.

Farmers Off for Canada.

Chase, April 7.—Many Lake county farmers, dissatisfied with the prospects in this district, have gone to the Canadian northwest to try their fortunes. A party of 77 farmers, 21 of them from the vicinity of this village, started for Canada on Tuesday.

Shingle Mill Burned.

Alpena, April 6.—Thompson Bros. shingle mill burned Thursday morning. The engine house and contents were saved. The loss is \$3,000.

STATE GOSSIP.

A Budget of Interesting Items Gathered from Many Localities in Michigan.

The G. R. & I. railroad will build a new union station in Grand Rapids, to cost \$100,000.

Onaway is to have an opera house, to make which the present skating rink is to be remodeled.

Noel H. Allen has been appointed postmaster at Maple Rapids, Clinton county, vice A. J. Moss, removed.

The supply of dwelling houses at Rochester is away below the demand, and rents are constantly on the increase.

Many Tuscola county farmers have been feeding their sheep through the winter exclusively on sugar beet pulp, and report the result of their experiment as most satisfactory.

Vetter Talman, an old resident of Alamo, Kalamazoo county, committed suicide by hanging. He was 75 years old and is thought to have been temporarily deranged mentally.

A petition for free rural mail delivery is being circulated through Ash and Berlin townships, Monroe county, the proposed route to cover 23 miles and accommodate 700 people.

The Manistee, Filer City & East Lake railroad is to be extended soon to Red Park, Onokama and Bear Lake, and ultimately to Traverse City by way of Thompsonville, Copemish and Wexford.

The Alpena News is authority for the statement that a project is on foot to convert the immense cedar swamps in that section, from which most of the good timber has been cut, into cranberry farms.

Quartermaster General Atkinson has completed arrangements with the Remington Arms company whereby the state will receive the new modern rifles which have been manufactured for the national guard.

The receipts of the post office at both Houghton and Hancock have been sufficient during the past 12 months to entitle these towns to free delivery, and efforts will be made to secure the installation of the service.

A cement factory giving employment to 150 laborers will be erected near the shores of Silver lake, a mile and three-quarters east of Linden. It is said the marl beds are among the most extensive in the state.

The annual meeting of the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad company was held in Grand Rapids. In the election no change was made in the officers or directors. A dividend of one per cent. was declared on stock, payable April 25.

Five thousand dollars in cash must be raised at Traverse City before the proposed new railroad from there to Leelanau will be built. If the council will not appropriate the amount, an effort will be made to raise it by popular subscription.

During the present rush of business the law providing that it shall be unlawful for railroad companies to either require or permit employees to work more than 24 hours consecutively has been violated. Commissioner Osborn is sending notices to every company doing business in Michigan that this practice must cease at once. Arenac county has been a lumbering district for 50 years, but it is doubtful if more logs were ever cut in the county in a single season than have been the past winter. At least 15,000,000 feet have been banked on the Rifle and Au Gres rivers, and the villages of Turner and Twining have about 8,000,000 feet awaiting manufacture. About 15,000,000 feet each of hardwood and hemlock will be the total output for the county.

Avoided Arrest by Suicide.

Detroit, April 7.—Post Office Inspector Parsell was about to present the case of Mrs. Ormsby, a Romeo (Mich.) woman accused of sending an objectionable letter through the mails last January, to the United States grand jury, in session in the post office building, when he received a letter from James B. Lucas, postmaster at Romeo, saying that Mrs. Ormsby had committed suicide there.

Wheat Crop a Failure.

Niles, April 8.—Many farmers in northern Indiana and southern Michigan have commenced plowing up their wheat, owing to its being a total failure. It was injured during the past winter by frequent freezing and thawing and too cold weather when there was no snow. The Indiana farmers will probably resow their plowed acres with sugar beet seed.

Seized Under Impure-Drug Law.

Port Huron, April 7.—Customs officials have seized 1,726 pounds of asafetida at this point for violation of the impure-drug law. The drug was also held up at Baltimore. The owners then withdrew the drug for exportation and shipped it to a broker in Toronto, who in turn shipped it to Mahoney, of Chicago.

Victim of a Live Wire.

New Baltimore, April 7.—While working at the Rapid railway's power plant here, Charles Dohel, an electrician from Detroit, stepped on a live wire and was instantly killed. The accident was the result of carelessness.

Live Stock Cremated.

Newport, April 6.—The large farm barns of Charles Boudinett, three miles west of this place, was burned to the ground, with five cows, four horses and feed and farm machinery. Loss, \$2,000; insurance, \$900.

Burned for the Third Time.

Leroy, April 6.—Grant & Wilcox's saw and planing mill has been burned. Loss, \$6,000, with no insurance. The mill, which was practically new, is the third that has been destroyed by fire in the same site.

FARRELL'S
PURE
FOOD
STORE.

GROCERIES. We are the center for buying Pure, Fresh Groceries cheap.
SHOES. Our shoe stock contains all of the latest styles in lasts and leather and our price is the cheapest when you take into consideration the superior goods we are offering.
JOHN FARRELL.
TELEPHONE NO. 7.

HEADQUARTERS,
FOR
OLIVER PLOWS,
IRON AGE CULTIVATORS,
SPRING-TOOTH HARROWS,
BUGGIES AND HARNESS,
PAINTS, OILS, STEEL RANGES,
RUBBEROID ROOFING.
HOAG & HOLMES.

A FINE LECTURE.
That was a lecture of fine quality that Mr. DeWitt Miller delivered last Tuesday evening, April 3rd. The people enjoyed it. They got what they wanted, Quality! That's what we have been aiming at for years in our business. That's what you get when you buy of us. We carry a larger stock of Harnesses than any one in the county.
Our Harness are Good.
Our Harness are Strong.
Our Harness are Well Made.
Our Harness are Guaranteed.
Our Harness are Hand Sewed.
Our Harness are Machine Sewed.
And Finally They are OUR OWN MAKE.
We don't want to force you to buy a machine sewed harness of us. can have your choice. We invite you to an inspection of our machine in operation. It does all we claim for it. I also carry a large assortment of Buggies, Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments, etc.
Give us a Call.
C. STEINBACH.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?
A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but always inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Sample bottles at Glazier & Stimson.

CURIOUS
why some people will continue buying where prices are highest because they think high prices and high quality necessarily go together.

Japanese Napkins

AT THE
Standard Office
EASTER
Professional skill produces, from high class ingredients, goods which the best amateur baker can never hope to equal. No use worrying or working over Cakes, Pies and Pastry for Easter, when the daintiest, purest, most delicious and wholesome goods can be purchased here daily fresh from the ovens.
Canright Bros.

OUR MEATS

are sold at the lowest figures consistent with prime quality. Their excellent flavor, tenderness and richness is appreciated by those who have tested meats in all parts of the globe.

Highest Market Price Paid for Hides and Tallow.

ADAM EPPLER.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NO. 4

SHAPING YOUR COLLAR

So it will fit without scratching or irritating—all rough edges taken off. Costs nothing extra at.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

Bath Room in Connection

You can "Protect Your Pocketbook by Buying of Us"

DRESS GOODS.**THE DRESSIEST OF BLACK GOODS.**

We make a big showing of all the good BLACK GOODS for women's wear, just now and we're selling a lot of them every day too. It's the values we give that brings business and makes sales. We carry an assortment that will please all buyers, prices in range to suit all, and all the newest materials of the season.

Black Crepons.

Large assortment of all the newest weaves and patterns, both American and Foreign make. We offer the better crepons this season for.....\$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.98

Black Mohairs.

No more serviceable material made Good values at 50c, 59c, 85c and \$1.00.

**SILKS OF FASHION.**

TEST OUR SILK VALUES by comparing with other lines. We're not afraid of comparisons. The buyers of the last week assure us of our superior assortment and low prices.

Newest Plisse Silks for Waists, in Patterns, full line of colors, at 75c, 85c and 98c yard.

Splendid showing of newest designs in **Fancy Taffetas** Silks for waists at 85c and 98c! None better. Few as good for the price.

DRESS FOULARDS.

We are given to understand that our line of these printed silks is the best shown in Chelsea. The prices are 50c, 69c and 75c. Nothing in dress stuffs as cool and comfortable for summer wear as these materials.

New Colored Home Spuns at Special Prices

This is one of the Newest Popular Fabrics for Suits. Price.....59c, 75c, 98c and \$1.25 per yard.

Fine Madras Gingham.

Big lot of Fine Madras Gingham regular 25c quality, 32 inches wide. Bought by us at away below value, in new plaids and stripes. Special price for this lot only.....**15 cents.** REMEMBER—32 inches wide and come in splendid blues, pinks, greys and lavenders.

Pingree**"COMPOSITE"****\$3.**

Shoes for ladies look better and stay together longer than any other make of \$3 shoes.

Every inch of the kid is tested for strength. Every pair will give thorough satisfaction.

These shoes have kid back-stays,—that stops ripping.

All styles and kinds

To Parents:

A saving of money ought to interest you.

SHOES**THE LATEST IN STYLISH SHOES.****Our Packard Shoes**

For men has no superior for wear and comfort and but few equal it.

LATEST IN MEN'S SHOES.**\$3.50**

Patent Calf; Russet; Vici Kids; Russian Calf; Black Vici and all other Popular Leathers in shapes that are new and positively correct. For \$3.50 we give you better style, better workmanship and quality than you'll find elsewhere at the same cost. Of course we have lower and higher priced Shoes, and all are extra good values.

\$3.50

Try "Composite Shoes" once and you'll be a regular customer for these good shoes.

**WOMEN'S SHOES.**

Only prejudice will ever make you pay \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 for shoes while we offer "Composite" and "Gloria" Shoes at \$3.00 and \$3.50. There is no better leather tanned than the leather used in these SHOES, and they are CUT RIGHT and put together "on honor." They're the EASIEST SHOES MADE.

BOY'S SHOES.

The good, stylish, serviceable kind at attractive prices. Ask to see them.

Wayne Knit
TRADE MARK
MATCHLESS
HOSIERY
FULL FASHIONED
LADIES AND
MEN

OUR MOTTO
AMERICAN MADE FOR
AMERICAN TRADE

OUR CLAIM
Perfect-wear-
fit-color-
and shape

OUR LEADERS
FACTORY: 25 CPAIR
WAYNE KNITTING MILLS.
* FORT WAYNE, IND. *

The Right Kind of Clothing.
The Right Way of Selling Clothing.

Let us tell you what we understand by the "Right Kind" and the "Right Way of Selling Clothing."

THE "RIGHT KIND" OF CLOTHING must be made of all-wool materials; must be well lined and trimmed; must be cut by up-to-date, skillful, progressive cutters, and put together by experienced men tailors. We see to it, and guarantee every piece of cloth used in our Clothing to be well sponged, so there can be no shrinkage while in use. This is our idea of the "Right Kind" of Clothing.

THE "RIGHT WAY" OF SELLING CLOTHING according to OUR POLICY, is to have a full line of all the fashionable and staple materials, patterns and colors, all the new styles, all the different sizes and forms, from "shorts to tails," and "fats to slims," never to allow a garment to leave the store unless it fits the customer perfectly, and if any alterations are necessary to make them free of all charges, and then the most important point of all give our customers the benefit of our close "CASH BUYING." This, in our judgment is the "Right Way of Selling Clothing." This season, unless all signs fail, our CLOTHING SALES will be larger than ever before. We are prepared for it.

\$12

For Very Swell Dress Suits, and Top Coats, Genuine Pure Worsted Suits, real Scotch Cheviots or English Checked Suits, some very nice Worsted Striped Suits. These Checked and Striped Suits are very desirable for this season's wear and warranted to please the most particular of men.

We have some very choice Pure Wool Suits in Mixtures, Checks and Stripes at \$10.00, \$8.50 and \$6.98.

GREAT SALE OF BOY'S CLOTHING.

ALL MOTHERS like to see their BOYS WELL DRESSED. Most of them come here for their Boy's Clothing and ALL WOULD if they only knew the elegance and extent of stock. Over 700 new Spring Novelty Suits, expressly made for us, are now in our stock, making it an extra object to select now.

Boy's Neat Coat, Collar Vestee, and Double Breasted Suits at \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Boy's all-wool, Vestee Suits, and Double Breasted Suits \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

The "Crack" Furnishing Goods Store of Chelsea

is here. Every city has its leading Furnishing Goods Store where nobby dressers go to buy their Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery, Collars, Cuffs, etc. Here in Chelsea, ours is that Store. This is because we are continually on the watch for NEW GOODS and STYLES, and offer them to Chelsea customers as soon as they are offered by the best stores in larger cities.

HAT DEPARTMENT SPECIALS.**\$1.98**

Choice of latest SPRING BLOCKS, all colors; Hats that sell regularly for \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50, and represent FINE GOODS. We offer these for a SHORT TIME only at \$1.98.

\$1.98**H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.****HORSE FOR A WOMAN.**

Man Who Knows Gives Some Advice Which Is Worthy of David Harum.

The following advice given by a horseman to a woman about to purchase a pony for her own use is worthy of David Harum, says the New York Commercial Advertiser: "Never allow a dealer to talk you into buying a horse you do not like. If you do not like him say so at once, and if you can help it do not assign any reason for saying so. Always talk as little as you can about horses when you are purchasing them. Talk of the weather—anything else you like—but if you don't know much about horses be as silent as you can. The dealer may probably imagine you know more than you really do."

The woman in question thought she would like a coal black horse, or perhaps one of "dappled gray" like the pony in the nursery song. The horseman grew eloquent: "A good horse cannot be of a bad color," he said. "And a horse of a bad color is never a good horse. A weakly, watery color indicates want of stamina. Black is about the most undesirable of coats for a horse. Black horses are nearly always soft and delicate and slow. The dancing, prancing, dashing black horse of poems and pictures is a steed of the imagination, or the great exception

that proves the rule." Gray is a good color, although few gray horses have made names for themselves on the turf. Roan is good, too, in spite of the fact that thoroughbreds are seldom, if ever, of that color. For a pony, dun color, mottled with black points, is handsome and usually denotes a hardy, sound constitution. In horses of any size dun is a rare color. Chestnut horses are the most excitable and are often delicate. Sorrel—which is chestnut and brown—is good, but seldom seen nowadays. Bay is the commonest of all colors, and when combined with black points is about as good as any color. For hardiness of constitution and a combination of good qualities, a good dark brown is the best color of all; if there is a rich, tan-colored muzzle so much the better."

WHEN NO WOMAN IS LOVELY.

The Unightly Way in Which She Grabs Her Skirt and Holds It Up.

The flattering theory that women really care how they appear to men who are looking at them sometimes gets a hard knock, says the New York Press. One of these times is when a woman who is walking along the street makes a motion with her hand which, in Kentucky or Texas, would, if made by a man, be interpreted as a reach for

a revolver in the hip pocket. But as women apparently have no hip pockets the woman's motion is for the purpose of holding up her skirts so that it will not disturb the microbes that are crawling in the dirt on the sidewalk.

As she walks along with this hip pocket, hand firmly gripped on her skirt she reminds the average man of embarrassing moments in the masculine past, say when a suspender button tendered his resignation and he had to hold up his trousers as he went along.

It is a constant wonder that some woman who looks after the looks of women does not invent a skirt suspender or something by which in the hour of need the skirt might be ostentatiously hoisted above the danger level. If the woman were in the country she might wear her rainy daisy skirt when she walked in dry weather. But are vegetable things, like hayseed, any more harmful than the bacteria of the dirty pavements?

A TRADITION EXPLODED.

Here is an Extraordinary Young Woman Who is Actually Fond of Dissecting Mice.

The popular belief that all women are afraid of mice has been exploded, says the Philadelphia Record. There is a young woman, visiting a prominent Conshohocken family who actually boasts of her fondness for not only

mice, but rats. The hostess remarked the other day that her life was made miserable by the hordes of rats and mice that infested her cellar.

"Oh, let me go down and see them," exclaimed this remarkable young woman. "I'd like to catch one and dissect it, so you can see what a cute little heart it has." The hostess was horror-stricken and begged to know what her guest knew of dissection.

"I'll tell you," was the reply. "When at boarding school we had such a dear old professor. He used to give us many interesting and entertaining lessons. For instance, he would get a rat, run his sharp knife around its neck, and presto! the hide was removed, tail and all. Then he would cut up the remains and point out the various organs. With a little instruction any of us girls could perform the operation, and we soon enjoyed it. I tell you, there was such a demand for subjects that the school was soon rid of rats and mice."

Queer Chinese Belief.

Many so-called educated Chinese, says the North China Herald, firmly believe that a kingdom exists where all the inhabitants are pigmies; one where all are giants; another where all are women, and another where every person has a hole through the center of his body, so that by means of a pole thrust through this hole they may be carried from one place to another.

The Wonderful Clam.

The clam's body is completely shrouded in the mantle except for two openings, through one of which the foot can be pushed out, while the other is for the siphon—what is commonly known as the "neck" of the clam. In some respects the clam may be better off than other folk; for he has a little brain in his foot. He also has a gland which secretes strong fibers, from which he spins a "byssus," and by it can attach himself to any object he likes. He does not have to search for food, but waits for it to come to him, and it always does. He makes for himself a burrow in the mud or sand and attaches himself to the bottom by this byssus. Then he thrusts his siphon up through the mud and water, and thus maintains communication with his world. The siphon has two tubes, the water flowing through one and out through the other. The clam lives on the minute organisms, animal and vegetable found in the water—and gets a living that is so satisfactory to him that he has come to be adopted as a type of contentment and happiness.—Rockland Opinion.

Effect of Lyddite Shells.

An English artilleryman says the effect of lyddite shells is greatly exaggerated. They are intended for naval use, and arranged to explode after penetrating armour. They will not explode by impact, unless they strike a rock.

Earl's Home-Made Bread.

OR MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE.
(A Seaside Episode)

THE WEDDING.

The marriage bells rang loud and long. And this is what they said: "There's nothing baked on earth can beat EARL'S HOME-MADE BREAD."

THE HONEYMOON.

They billed and cooed from morn till night. Then on a Pullman sped— They lived on love and never ate EARL'S HOME-MADE BREAD.

LIFE'S STERN REALITY.

The honeymoon was over. The oven wouldn't bake. The "stuff of life" and sweetmeats. No better than the cake; The husband fussed and fretted, 'Cause he wanted to be fed. And his wife rushed down to Earl's FOR EARL'S HOME-MADE BREAD.

MORAL.

Young ladies, ere you're married To Tom or Dick or Ned Don't paralyze your sweethearts With your home-made bread; And when you've signed the contract— If these lines are rightly read— You'll always go to Earl's FOR EARL'S HOME-MADE BREAD.